## Quant

Instructions
For the following questions answer them individually
Question 86
LCM of two numbers is 90 and their HCF is 3 . Given that one number is 18 , find the second number.

A 90
B 12

C 15
D 17
Answer: C

Explanation:
Product of 2 numbers $=$ Product of L.C.M. and H.C.F.
Let second number be $x$
=> $x \times 18=90 \times 3$
"> $x=\begin{gathered}270 \\ 18\end{gathered}=15$
=> Ans - (C)

## Question 87

The Loss incurred by selling an article at Rs. 335 is $60 \%$ of the gain attained by selling the same article at Rs.671. Find the cost price of the article. (in Rs)

A 461

B 458

C 459

D 460
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Let cost price of the article = Rs. $x$
Loss $=$ Rs. $(x-335)$
Profit $=$ Rs. $(671-x)$
According to ques, $=>x-335={ }^{60}(671-x)$
=> $5 x-1675=2013-3 x$
$=>5 x+3 x=2013+1675=3688$
$\Rightarrow x={ }_{8}^{3688}=461$
$\therefore$ Cost price $=$ Rs. 461
=> Ans - (A)

## Question 88

What is the height of the cuboid, if the cube of diagonal $44 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ is melted and casted, the cuboid's length is the same as the cube's side and the breadth of the cuboid is 22 cm ? (in cm )

A 99

B 101

C 88

D 77
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let side of cube be $a \mathrm{~cm}$
=> Diagonal $=\sqrt{a^{2}+a^{2}+a^{2}}=44 \sqrt{3}$
=> $\sqrt{3} a=44 \sqrt{3}$
=> $a=44 \mathrm{~cm}$
Let height of cuboid $=h \mathrm{~cm}$, length, $l=44 \mathrm{~cm}$ and breadth, $b=22 \mathrm{~cm}$
According to ques, Volume of cuboid = Volume of cube
$\Rightarrow>l b h=a^{3}$
=> $44 \times 22 \times h=(44)^{3}$
=> $h={ }_{22}^{44 \times 44}=88 \mathrm{~cm}$
=> Ans - (C)

## Question 89

A person cycles from hostel to college at a speed of 20 kmph and reaches 6.5 minutes late. If he cycles at a speed of 24 kmph and reaches early by 6.5 minutes, find the distance between hostel and college. (in km)

A 27

B 29

C 26

D 28
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let ideal time taken $=t$ hours
Also, speed is inversely proportional to time.
$=>24=\begin{gathered}t-6.5 \\ \begin{array}{c}6.5 \\ 6.5 \\ 6.50\end{array} \\ t+60\end{gathered}$
$=>5 t+{ }_{12}^{6.5}=6 t-{ }_{10}^{6.5}$
=> $6 t-5 t={ }^{6.5}+{ }_{12}^{6.5}$
$\Rightarrow>t={ }_{60}^{32.5+39}={ }_{60}^{71.5}$
$\therefore$ Distance $=$ speed $\times$ time
$=20 \times\left(\begin{array}{c}71.5 \\ 60\end{array}+\begin{array}{c}6.5 \\ 60\end{array}\right)$
$={ }_{3}^{78}=26 \mathrm{~km}$
=> Ans - (C)

## Question 90

The length of a floor is $125 \%$ of its breadth. If the area of floor is $125 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, what is the sum of the length and the breadth of the floor? (in m)

A 20.5
B 22.5

C 18

D 25
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Let breadth of floor $=x \mathrm{~m}$
=> Length $={ }_{100}^{125} \times x=1.25 x \mathrm{~m}$
Area $=x \times 1.25 x=125$
=> $x^{2}={ }_{1.25}^{125}=100$
$\Rightarrow x=\sqrt{100}=10$
$\therefore$ Sum of length and breadth $=x+1.25 x=2.25 x$
$=2.25 \times 10=22.5$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 91

Anil obtained 79 marks out of 120 in French, 95 marks out of 130 in English, 31 out of 70 in Spanish and 35 out of 80 in Japanese. What is the overall percentage obtained by him? (in \%)

A 50

B 60

C 65

D 55
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Marks obtained $=79+95+31+35=240$
Maximum marks $=120+130+70+80=400$
$\therefore$ Overall percentage obtained by him $={ }_{400}^{240} \times 100=60 \%$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 92

Martin donates $13 \%$ of his Salary to organization for Visually challenged, $12 \%$ of his Salary to orphanage, $14 \%$ of his Salary to organization for Physically challenged and $16 \%$ of his Salary to the foundations for medical help. If the remaining amount Rs.18,900 of Salary has been deposited in the bank for monthly expenses. Find the amount donated to organization for Visually challenged. (in Rs.)

A 5,660

B 5,760

C 5,560

D 5,460
Answer: D

## Explanation:

If total salary is $100 \%$, then \% salary remaining after the donations $=100-(13+12+14+16)=45 \%$
According to ques, $45 \% \equiv R s .18,900$
Thus, amount donated to organization for Visually challenged $=13 \% \equiv{ }_{45}^{18900} \times 13$
$=420 \times 13=$ Rs. 5,460
=> Ans - (D)

## Question 93

A bulb producing company found that $19 \%$ of the overall product is defective. If the number of non defective products is 1944 then find the number of defective products.

A 457

B 456

C 459

D 458
Answer: B

## Explanation:

$\%$ of non defective bulbs $=100-19=81 \% \equiv 1944$
=> Number of defective products $=19 \% \equiv{ }_{81}^{1944} \times 19$
$=24 \times 19=456$
=> Ans - (B)
Question 94
The number of employees working in a firm is increased by $14 \%$ and the wages per head are decreased by $14 \%$. If it results in $\mathrm{x} \%$ decrease in total wages, then find the value of $x$.

A 1.98
B 1.97

C 1.95

D 1.96
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let number of employees in the firm initially = 100 and wages per head = Rs. 100
=> Total wages $=100 \times 100=R s .10,000$
Number of employees after decrease of $14 \%=100-140 \times 100=86$
Similarly, new wages per head $=R s .114$
=> New wages $=86 \times 114=R s .9804$
$\therefore$ Decrease in total wages $=\begin{gathered}10000-9804 \\ 10000\end{gathered} \times 100=1.96 \%$
=> Ans - (D)

## Question 95

Simplify:
$132-\left[5^{2}-4^{2}+\sqrt{(144 \div 12+132(2 \times 2 \div 4))}\right]$

A 101

B 111

C 121

D 134
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Expression : $132-\left[5^{2}-4^{2}+\sqrt{(144 \div 12+132(2 \times 2 \div 4))}\right]$
$=132-\left[5^{2}-4^{2}+\sqrt{(12+132(1))}\right]$
$=132-[25-16+\sqrt{144}]$
$=132-(9+12)=111$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 96

Find the fraction of $X, X=0.7822222$...

A $704 / 900$
B 711/990

C $741 / 900$

D $721 / 990$

## Answer: A

## Explanation:

Given : $x=0.7822222 \ldots$
=> $100 x=78.22222$..
=> $1000 x=782.2222$.
Subtracting equation (i) from (ii), we get :
=> $900 x=782.2222-78.2222=704$
=> $x=\begin{aligned} & 704 \\ & 900\end{aligned}$
=> Ans - (A)

## Question 97

The selling price of the article is Rs. 1,764 after a successive discounts of $10 \%$ and $20 \%$. If the cost price is $50 \%$ of the marked price, then what is the cost price. (in Rs)

A $\mathbf{1 , 2 2 5}$

B 1,235
C 1,245

D 1,255
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Let marked price $=$ Rs. $100 x$
After 1st discount of $10 \%$, selling price $=100 x-(100 \times 100 x)=R s .90 x$
Similarly, after 2nd discount of $20 \%$, selling price $=90 x-(100 \times 90 x)=R s .72 x$
According to ques, $=>72 x=1764$
=> $x={ }_{72}^{1764}=24.5$
$\therefore$ Cost price $={ }^{50} 100 \times 100 \times 24.5=R s .1225$
=> Ans - (A)

## Question 98

The average weight of 87 Notebooks in a box is 8.7 kg . When a new Notebook is added to the box the average goes to 8.8 kg . Find the weight of the new Notebook. (in kg)

A 17.7
B 17.6

C 17.5

D 17.8
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Average weight of 87 Notebooks in a box $=8.7 \mathrm{~kg}$
=> Total weight $=87 \times 8.7=756.9 \mathrm{~kg}$
Let weight of new book $=x \mathrm{~kg}$
=> New average $={ }_{88}^{756.9+x}=8.8$
=> $756.9+x=88 \times 8.8=774.4$
=> $x=774.4-756.9=17.5 \mathrm{~kg}$
=> Ans - (C)

## Question 99

A train of length 135 m travels at a speed of 54 kmph crosses a bridge in 27 seconds. Find the length of the bridge. (in m )

A 270

B 272

C 274

D 268
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Speed of train $=54 \mathrm{kmph}=54 \times \begin{gathered}5 \\ 18\end{gathered}=15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
Let length of bridge $=x \mathrm{~m}$
Using, speed = distance/time
=> $15={ }_{27}^{135+x}$
=> $135+x=27 \times 15=405$
"> $x=405-135=270 \mathrm{~m}$
=> Ans - (A)

## Question 100

A sum of Rs. 7,800 invested under simple interest at rate of $11 \%$ p.a. If the amount after 5 years is been withdrawn and half of the total amount is been invested in Share market. Find the remaining amount. (in RS)

A 6,245
B 6,045

C 6,145
D 6,345
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Principal sum = Rs. 7800
Rate of interest $=11 \%$ and time period $=5$ years
Simple interest $=\begin{gathered}P \times R \times T \\ 100\end{gathered}$
$={ }_{1000 \times 11 \times 5}=$ Rs. 4290
Thus, total amount after 5 years $=R s .(7800+4290)=R s .12,090$
$\therefore$ Remaining amount after half of the total amount is been invested in Share market $={ }_{2}^{12090}=R s .6045$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 101

## Directions:

The bar graph below shows the data of the production of paper (in thousands) by three different companies $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z over the years (2001-2005)
What is the difference between the production of company $Z$ in 2001 and company $Y$ in 2002? (in thousands)


A 6

B 4

C 5

D 3
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Production of company Z in 2001 (in thousands) $=68$
Production of company Y in 2002 (in thousands) $=71$
=> Required difference $=71-68=3$
=> Ans - (D)

## Question 102

Anitha walks a certain distance at (9/10)th of her usual speed and takes 24 minutes more than the usual time. Find the usual time taken. (in minutes)

A 621

B 261

C 126

D 216

## Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let usual speed $=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ and usual time taken $=t \mathrm{~min}$
=> New speed $=9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ and new time $=(t+24) \mathrm{min}$

Also, speed is inversely proportional to time.
=> ${ }_{9}^{10}={ }_{t}^{t+24}$
=> $10 t=9 t+216$
=> $10 t-9 t=t=216$
$\therefore$ Usual time taken $=216$ minutes
=> Ans - (D)
Question 103
A sum of money is to be distributed among Ankit, Babu, Christo and David in the proportion of 5:4:3:2. If Christo gets Rs. 114 more than David, what is Babu's share? (in Rs)

A 456

B 453

C 454

D 455
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Let amount received by Ankit, Babu, Christo and David be $5 x, 4 x, 3 x$ and $2 x$ respectively.
According to ques, $=>3 x-2 x=114$
=> $x=114$
$\therefore$ Babu's share $=4 \times 114=$ Rs. 456
=> Ans - (A)
Question 104

## Directions:

The bar graph below shows the data of the production of paper (in thousands) by three different companies $X, Y$ and $Z$ over the years (2001-2005)
What is the percentage increase in the production of the company X from 2002 to 2005 ? (in \% - round off to 2 decimal places)


A 4.77

B 4.44

C 4.55
D 4.66

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

Production of paper (in thousands) by company X in 2002 $=66$
Production of paper (in thousands) by company X in 2005 $=69$
$=>\%$ increase in production $=\begin{array}{cc}(69-66) \\ 66\end{array} \times 100$
$={ }_{11}^{50} \approx 4.55 \%$
=> Ans - (C)

## Question 105

Which of the following number is divisible by 24 ?

A 146604

B 166440

C 146600

D 166044

## Answer: B

## Explanation:

Numbers which are divisible by 24 , must first be divisible by 3 and also by 8 . Checking divisibility by 8 .
146604 and 166044 are not divisible by 8 , so of the middle two numbers, only second number is divisible by 3 .
Thus, 166440 is divisible by 24 .
=> Ans - (B)
Question 106
Simplify:
$\left(\left(4^{2}\right)^{3} \div 16^{2}\right) \times([20-4] \div 4)$

A 68

B 64

C 56

D 128
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Expression : $\left(\left(4^{2}\right)^{3} \div 16^{2}\right) \times([20-4] \div 4)$
$=\binom{4^{6}}{4^{4}} \times\binom{ 16}{4}$
$=4^{2} \times 4=64$
=> Ans - (B)
Question 107
The difference between the interest earned on the same amount invested under compound interest andsimple interest at same rate of interest for 2 years is Rs.180. If the rate of interest is $6 \%$ p.a. then find the amount invested. (in Rs.)

A 50,000
B 55,000
C 52,500
D 47,500

## Answer: A

## Explanation:

Rate of interest $=6 \%$ and time period $=2$ years
Let principal sum $=$ Rs. $P$
Also, difference between compound interest and simple interest for 2 years $=P\binom{r}{100}^{2}$
=> $P\left({ }_{100}^{6}\right)^{2}=180$
=> $P=180 \times \begin{gathered}10000 \\ 36\end{gathered}$
=> $P=R s .50,000$
=> Ans - (A)

## Question 108

The amount doubles itself under Compound interest in 7 years. In how many years will it become 64 times of it? (in years)

A 42

B 51

C 48

D 45
Answer: A

## Explanation:

The amount gets doubled in 7 years.
In case of compound interest, the amount will become $2^{n}$ times in $7 n$ years
=> Final amount $=64=(2)^{6}$
Thus, after $7 \times 6=42$ years, amount will become 64 times.
=> Ans - (A)
Question 109
A Box contains three different types of old coins in the ratio 3:5:7. The values of old coins are 1 rupee, 5 rupees and 10 rupees respectively If the total value of the coins in the box is Rs.2352, find the number of coins values 10 rupees

A 162

B 164
C 166
D 168
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let number of 1 rupee, 5 rupees and 10 rupees respectively be $3 x, 5 x$ and $7 x$
Total amount $=(1 \times 3 x)+(5 \times 5 x)+(10 \times 7 x)=2352$
=> $3 x+25 x+70 x=2352$
$\Rightarrow x={ }_{98}^{2352}=24$
$\therefore$ Number of 10 rupees coins $=7 \times 24=168$
=> Ans - (D)

## Question 110

What will be the remainder when 36367 is divided by $9 ?$

A 6
B 5
C 8

D 7
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Sum of digits of $36367=3+6+3+6+7=25$
Now, when 25 is divided by 9 , => $25=9 \times 2+7$
Thus, remainder = 7
=> Ans - (D)

## Question 111

The sum of three numbers is 216 . If the ratio of the first to the second is $2: 3$ and that of the second to the third is $3: 4$, then the second number is

A 75
B 72

C 74
D 73
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Let the three numbers respectively be $2 x, 3 x$ and $4 x$
Sum $=2 x+3 x+4 x=9 x=216$
=> $x={ }_{9}^{216}=24$
$\therefore$ Second number $=3 \times 24=72$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 112

Total area of the square Glass Piece is $841 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, which is placed on the top of a table. The width between the edge of the table and the edge of the glass piece is 11 cm wide. Find the length of the table. (in cm )

A 47

B 45

C 49

D 51
Answer: D

## Explanation:


$A B C D$ is the table and the glass piece is placed inside.
Side of glass $=\sqrt{841}=29 \mathrm{~cm}$
Width between glass and table $=11 \mathrm{~cm}$
=> Side of table $=11+29+11=51 \mathrm{~cm}$
=> Ans - (D)
Question 113
Find the value of $X$ :
$\sqrt{(596-X)}=\sqrt{(598-\sqrt{484})}$

A 54

B 28

C 20

D 49
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Expression : $\sqrt{(596-X)}=\sqrt{(598-\sqrt{484})}$
=> $(596-X)=(598-22)$
=> $X=596-598+22=20$
=> Ans - (C)

## Question 114

A Gift box contains 10 bangles, of which average weight of first 4 bangles is 71 grams and the average weight of remaining 6 bangles is 72 grams. Find the average weight of the total bangles. (in grams)

A 71.6

B 73.6

C 74.6

D 72.6
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Average weight of first 4 bangles $=71$ grams
=> Weight of first 4 bangles $=71 \times 4=284$ grams
Similarly, weight of remaining 6 bangles $=72 \times 6=432$ grams
$\therefore$ Average weight of the total bangles $={ }^{284+432}=71.6$ grams
=> Ans - (A)
Question 115
Simplify:
$\sqrt{\text { Simplify: }} \sqrt{(1190-\sqrt{(1181-\sqrt{(601+\sqrt{576)}))}}}$

A 24

B 34

C 42

D 37
Answer: B

Explanation:
Explanation:
Expression :
$=\sqrt{(1190-\sqrt{(1181-\sqrt{(601+24)})})}$
$=\sqrt{(1190-\sqrt{(1181-\sqrt{(625)})}}$
$=\sqrt{(1190-\sqrt{(1181-25)})}$
$=\sqrt{(1190-\sqrt{(1156)})}$
$=\sqrt{(1190-34)}$
$=\sqrt{(1156)}=34$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 116

In a mixture of $\mathbf{1 6 8}$ litres, the ratio of milk and water is $3: 4$. If this ratio is to be $3: 5$, then the quantity of water to be further added is. (in Litres)

A 26
B 24

C 25
D 23
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Quantity of milk in 168 litres mixture $=\binom{3}{(3+4)} \times 168=72$ litres
=> Quantity of water $=168-72=96$ litres
Let $x$ litres of water is to be added.
$\begin{gathered}72 \\ => \\ 96+x\end{gathered}=\begin{gathered}3 \\ 5\end{gathered}$
$=>360=288+3 x$
=> $3 x=360-288=72$
=> $x={ }_{3}^{72}=24$
$\therefore$ Quantity of water to be further added is $\mathbf{2 4}$ litres.
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 117

A shopkeeper sells a product at the rate of Rs.1,539 and earns a profit of $14 \%$. Find the amount which is equal to half of the cost price of the product. (in Rs)

A 695

B 675

C 685

D 650
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Selling price = Rs. 1539 and profit \% = 14\%
=> Cost price $=\left(\begin{array}{c}1539 \\ 100+14)\end{array} \times 100\right.$
$=27 \times 50=R s .1350$
$\therefore$ Amount which is equal to half of the cost price of the product $={ }_{2}^{1350}=R s .675$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 118

In a support project of an English based company, there are 217 male and 217 female employees. The average productivity of all the employees is 75 calls per day. The average calls attended by a male employee is 75 calls per day. What is the average calls attended per day by a female employee?

A 76

B 75

C 77

D 74
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Since, there are an equal number of male and female employees in the company, and also the average productivity is 75 calls per day which is equal to the number of calls attended by the males.

Thus, number of calls attended per day by a female employee will also equal to $=\mathbf{7 5}$
=> Ans - (B)

## Question 119

Directions:
The bar graph below shows the data of the production of paper (in thousands) by three different companies $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z over the years (2001-2005)
The average production for the five years was minimum for which company?


A X

B Y

C Z

D None of these
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Total production of company :
$X=60+66+62+71+69=328$
$Y=65+70+68+76+73=352$
$Z=67+73+70+80+76=366$

Thus, average production for the five years was minimum for company $\mathbf{X}$.
=> Ans - (A)

## Question 120

A man completes a journey in 7 hours. He travels first half of the journey at the rate of 20 kmph and second half at the rate of 30 kmph. Find the total distance of the entire journey. (in km)

A 174

B 172

C 168

D 170
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let total distance $=2 d \mathrm{~km}$
Using, time = distance/speed
$\begin{gathered}\stackrel{d}{20} \\ => \\ 20\end{gathered} \stackrel{d}{30}=7$
=> ${ }_{600}^{30 d+20 d}=7$
=> $5 d=7 \times 60$
=> $d=7 \times 12=84$
$\therefore$ Total distance of the entire journey $=2 \times 84=168 \mathrm{~km}$
=> Ans - (C)

