But the elever disciple had decided to prove himself and prepared in neits the verse. But before he did an, the other disciples scrambled up to the topmust branches of a hig tree nearby. The disciple then recited the magical verse. The tiper slowly began to breathe. The working 'cried the disciple in excitement and soy. The tiger opened its eyes and saw him jumping and shouting in front of him. Rearing leadly, the tiger pounced on the poor disciple and killed him.

The other disciples on the tree watched helplessly as the tiger threw down the dead body of the disciple and went away into the ferest. After some time the disciples came down, took the body and went to the sage. The sage looked at them and said. "Now you see what can happen if you don't use your learning wisely. Let this be a lesson for you." With that, the sage uttered the magic verse and brought the dead disciple back to life. The sage then taught die verse to all his disciples and sent them into the world to do good. He was sure that after such a lesson, they would be wiser and use their knowledge and learning only for

- 41. Which of the following morals can be drawn from the above passage?
 - A teacher must pass on all his knowledge to others before he dies.
 - (2) Advice of true friends should always by taken.
 - (3) Teachers should always be impartial and should impart knowledge to all uniformly.
 - (4) The knowledge and learning gained should never be misused.
 - (5) None of these
- 42. Why did the suge send his disciples to the forest?
 - (1) He wanted to get rid of them. (2) He had imported all the knowledge he had and was
 - [8] With nothing to teach.
 (3) He wanted them to be killed by a tiger so that he could test his secret verse.

- (4) So that the disciples could practice his secret verse on the wild animals.
- (5) None of these
- 43. Why did the other disciples climb the highest branches of the nearby tree?
 - (1) To save their lives from the timer.
 - (2) They disliked the clever disciple and were hiding away from him.
 - (3) To enjoy watching the tiger kill the disciple from a safe distance.
 - (6) Because the sage had not taught the other disciples the secret verse.
- What did the sage say to his disciple while tsurhing his secret
 - (1) Never to misuse the power achieved with the help of the verse.
 - (2) Not to use it on the wild animals.(3) Not to share it with other
 - disciples.
 (4) To practise it on animals
 - (4) To practise it un animal before humans. (5) None of these
- 45. Who/what is described as wick-
- ed and fierce by the author?
- (1) The clever disciple
- (2) The eage (3) The tiper
- (4) The forest
- (5) None of these
- 46. Which of the following is NOT TRUE in the context of the parsage?
 - (1) The clever disciple was brought back to life by the
 - (2) The sage wanted his disciples to use their learning only for doing good.
 - (3) The sage was biased towards the clever disciple and disliked others.
 - (4) The sage ultimately taught the secret verse to all his disciples.
- (5) All are true.
- 47. Why did the suge decide to puse on his secret verse to his disciples?

- So that the cleverest of the disciples may teach other disciples as well.
- (2) He did not want the verse in dis with him.
- (3) So that the tiger may eat the cleverest disciple.
- (4) So that he could prove his genius to his disciples.
- (ii) None of these
- 48. Why did the clever disciple recits the verse to the dead tiger?
 - So that the other disciples may be enten up by the tiper.
 - (2) To flaunt the power of the
 - verse to the other disciples.
 (3) Because the sage had told him to do so.
 - (4) So that he could prove himself to the mgs.
 - (5) None of these
- 49. Why was the sage proud of his disciples?
 - Because they had agreed to go to the forest for a long period of 40 days.
 - (2) Because they had fought against the tiger very bravely.
 - (3) Because they could bring the dead tiper back to life.
 - (4) Because they were very bright and eager students.
 - (5) None of these
- 50. How did the other disciples renet when the clover disciple decided to bring the tiger back to life?
 - (1) They felt jealous of him.
 - (2) They all felt that it was a wise thing to do.
 - (3) They felt sorry for the tiper (4) They tried to stop him as he could put their lives in dan-
 - (5) None of these

Directions (51-53): Cheese the word which is most similar in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used in the massers.

- 51, CRIED
 - (1)Wept (2) Screamed (3) Protested (4) Tearful
 - (5) Saddened
- 52. POUNCED (1) Climbed
 - (1) Climbed (2) Looked (3) Roared (4) Plunged
 - (n) Jumped
 - doch mannipus

53. PONDERED

- (1) Gussaud (2) Puzzled
- (3) Studied (4) Thought
- (5) Arrundud

Directions (54-55): Choose the word which is most opposite in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used

54. BRIGHT

- (1) Dim
- (2) Soft (4) Faint
- CO Dull

55. FIERCE

- (t) Timid (2) Emotional (3) Civilized (4) Plensed
- (5) Domesticated

Directions (56-60): Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3) and (4) given below such sentence should replace the phrase printed in **bold** in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and no correction is required, mark (5)

- 56. He wants a start a new business but he did not have any
 - (1) thought to start
 - (2) want to started
 - (it) wanted to start
 - (4) wants for start
- (5) No correction required 57. The smoke if inhaled proves to be more fatal than the burn it-
 - (I) be most fatal
 - (2) kill more fatal
 - (3) be additional fatal
 - (4) he greater fatal (5) No correction required
- 58. He covered the expensive furni-
- ture at sheet before he started painting the ceiling.
 - (1) with sheet ahead
 - (2) with about before

 - (3) in sheet prior
 - (4) in sheet earlier
- (6) No correction required
- 59. As Rohan was already late, he had his breakfast while walk down the cond.
 - (1) walking down the
 - (2) walking at the
 - (3) walked on the
 - (4) walked down the
 - (5) No correction required

- 60. The poor bullock do not move since the cart was overloaded with house made
 - (1) can not move
 - (2) unable to move
 - (3) was not moved (4) could not move
 - (5) No correction recognized

Directions (61-65): In such question below a sentence with four words printed in **bold** type is given. These are numbered as (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these four words printed in bold may be misspelt or inappropriate in the context of the sents Find out the word, which is wrongly spelt or inappropriate, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in **bold** are correctly spelt and also appropriate in the context of the sentence mark (5) i.e. 'All intrect' as your answer.

- 61. A good (1)/ leader is of prime (2) importance for develop (1) of any organisation (4). All cor-
- 62. Rajan would (t)/pick (2) tup his children from (3) the school and superwise (4) their homework. All correct (5).
- 63. The milk vendor (1) studied hard (2) I for four years before topped (3)/ the national level (4)/exam. All correct (5)
- 64. The issues (1) of hunger and poorty (2) I are left behind (3) as we have progressed (4)/ in technology. All correct (5)
- 65. Indian peoples (1)/ invest (2)/ as much (3) in gold as in bank savings accounts (4). All correct

Directions (66-70): Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below thum.

- (A) The emperor was impressed with me and rewarded me suitably
- (B) He then asked me' to make it shorter without erasing its ends.
- (C) One fine day the king decided to test my intelligence.
- (D) By doing so, I could make the line shorter without erasing the

- (E) After thinking over it for som time? Idrew longer lines on both the ends of the line that the emperor had deawn.
- (F) He drew a line oh the floor with the help of a chalk.
- 66. Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement ?
 - (2)(C) (t) (B) (3)(D) (4)(E)
 - (5)(F)
- 67. Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after rearcontrament?
 - (E) (B) (1) (A) (3) (C) (4) (D)
 - (5) (E)
- 68. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after reartungement?
 - (1) (A) (2) (H) (4) (D) (3) (C)
 - (5) (E)
- Which of the following should be the LAST (SIXTH) sentence after rearrangement?
 - Ch (A) (25 (B) (3)(C) (4)(D)
 - (ñ)(E)
- 70. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?
 - (t) (B) CENTRED. (3) (D) (4) (E)

 - (6) (F) Directions (71-80): In the fol-

lowing passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passare and against each, free words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case. Clement Atles became the Prime

Minister of England after the Second World War, Winston Churchill who had successfully (71) England and the allies to victory over Hitler was now rejected by the English people at the hustings. Labour Party was (72) toower and Atles became the Prime Minister. One of his memorable tusks was that he was (73) in granting Indin its freedom. Atles was born in well-to-do (74) but he always had (75) for the poor and the down-trudden. He

is known for keeping (76) and cooperation among his cabinet colleagues. Yint that there were no differences of opinion (77) his cabinet members, but Atles, by his (78) nature and positive approach, always managed to keep them together and had control over them (79) being sympathetic to the cause of India, and granting India freeden, he (80) many a constructive activity for his country too, like nationalization of some industries, and starting national health scheme.

- 71. (1) isolated (2) established (3) conquered (4) marginalized (5) led 72. (1) averse (2) close
- 72. (1) averse (2) close (3) swept (4) used (5) immune
- (1)interested (2) instrumental
 (3) eager (4) reluctant
 (5) particular
- 74. (1) class (2) origin (3) country (4) family (5) community
- 75. (1) concern (2) reverence (3) apathy (4) jobs (5) indifference
- 76, (1) assistance (2) conviction (3) harmony (4) faith (5) conflict
- 77. (1) among (2) within (3) between (4) from
- (3) between (4) from (5) with
- 78, (1) withdrawing (2) gentle (3) stubborn (4) aggressive (5) docile
- 79, (1) Although (2) without (3) He (4) beside
- (3) He (4) beside (5) after 80, (1) demonstrated
- (2) imitated (3) bypassed (4) observation (5) did

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

Directions (81 - 95): What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions? 81, 75% of 280 - 24% of 45 = ?

- 81. 75% of 280 24% of 45 -(1) 194.5 (2) 195 (3) 199.2 (4) 198
- (5) None of these 82. 789613 - 658748 - 124563 = 7
 - 789613 668748 124563 = 7 (1)6302 (2)6230 (3)6320 (4)6032
 - (5) None of these

- 83. $\sqrt{64 \times 49} + (4)^2 \times 12 = 7$ (1) 56 (2) 49 (3) 63 (4) 42 (5) None of these
- 84. 63.04 + 15.25 + 36.004 = ? (1) 114.33 (2) 114.68 (3) 114.2904 (4) 114.94
- (5) None of these 85. (7) + (6) + (4) = (16) = 1
 - (1) 1.6875 (2) 468.25 (3) 368.0625 (4) 368.25 (5) None of these
- (3) Notice of these 86. 37×7×3 = 7 (1)757 (2)777 (3)769 (4)779
- (3)769 (4)779 (5) None of these
- 87. $\frac{1287}{1645} \times \frac{235}{572} + 3\frac{15}{16} = ?$
 - (1) $\frac{4}{49}$ (2) $\frac{1}{28}$
 - (3) 4 (4) 7
- (5) None of these 88. (0.64 x 2.5 x 3.2) = 0.8 = (1)0.64 (2)5.8
- (3)5.08 (4)6.04 (5) None of these
- 89. [(12)* + (7)*] = 125 = 3.2 (1)18 (2)14 (3)8 (4)16 (5) None of these
- 90. $\frac{2}{3}$ rd of $\frac{3}{5}$ th of $\frac{4}{5}$ th of? = 1112 (1) 3575 (2) 3475 (3) 3425 (4) 3216
- (5) None of these
 91. √512 + √1331 = √7
 - (1) 19 (2) 225 (3) 17 (4) 289 (5) None of these
- 92. 12.5×16+25 6.4×5.5-10.2 =?
 - (1)4.5 (2)12 (3)9 (4)6
- (5) None of these 93. (7856 + 3214 + 6318) = 7 = 38.64
 - (1)450 (2)540 (3)480 (4)520
 - (5) None of these

- 94. 7308 54 x 12 = 7
 - (1) 1444 (2) 1644 (3) 1584 (4) 176J
- (5) None of these
- 95; 88969 · 24376 = ? + 4224 (1)10639 (2)9884 (3) 11869 (4) 10963
 - (3) 11369 (4 (5) None of these

Directions (96-100): Study the information carefully to answer the questions that follow:

In a school consisting of 2800 children, the ratio of girle to boys is 4 3 respectively. All the children have taken different hobby classes viz. Singing, Dancing, Painting and Cookmg. 20 per cent of the boye take Painting classes. The number of girls taking dancing classes is five-fourth of the number of boys taking the same. Onefourth of the girls take cooking classes. The total number of students taking cooking classes is 700. Two-fifth of the boys take singing classes and the remaining boys take dancing classes. The girls taking singing classes is twice the number of boys taking the same. The remaining girls take painting classes.

- 96. What is the respective ratio of buys taking pointing classes to the boys taking singing classes ? (1)4:3 (2) 2:1
 - (3)6:5 (4) 3:4 (5) None of these
- 97. The number of girls taking cooking classes is what per cent of the total number of children in the school? (rounded off to the nearest integer)
 - (1)14 (2) 20 (3)6 (4) 26
 - (3)6 (4) 26 (5) None of these
- 98. The number of boys taking cocking classes is what per cent of the total number of children in the school? (rounded off to two digits after decimal)
 - (1)9.68 (2) 12.61 (3)19.71 (4)8.43
 - (3)10.71 (4)8.43 (5) None of these
- What is the total number of children taking duncing classes?
 - dren taking duncing class (1)325 (2) 445
 - (3) 390 (4) 405 (5) None of these

- 00. What is the number of girls tak- 106. Two candidates fought an elecing painting classes?
 - (21 18 (1)116 (4) 28 (3) 125
 - (5) None of these
- 101. In a class of 75 students, of thef the total number of girls and
 - $\frac{3}{6}$ th of the total number of boys

join a cricket club. If the total number of boys joining the club is 27, what is the respective ratio of the total number of boys to the total number of girls joining the club?

- (1)2:0
- (2) 3:2 (3)9:2
- (4) Cannot be determined
- (5) None of these
- 102. Mecelon gets Rs. 110 for every day that he works. If he sarns Ra 2.750 in a month of 31 days. for how many days did he work?
 - (1)25 days (2) 28 days
 - (3)26 days (4)24 days (5) None of these
- 103. 50 people can complete a piece of work in 40 days. In how many days can 100 people with twice the efficiency complete the same piece of work?
 - (1)20 days (2) 10 days
 - (3) 15 days (4) 25 days (5) None of these
- 104. Sonia invested an amount of Rs. 17,500 at the rate of 8 p.c.p.a. After how many years will she obtain a simple interest of Re. 16.8007
 - (1) 15 years (2)8 years (3) 9 years (4) 12 years
 - (5) None of these
- 165. The average of five positive intepers is 385. The average of the first two integers is 568.5. The average of the fourth and fifth integers is 187.5. What is the third integer?
 - (1)420
 - (2)382
 - (3)415
 - (4) Cannot be determined-
 - (ii) None of these

- tion. One of them got 75% of the total votes and won by 750 votes. What is the total number of votes
 - (1)1800 (2)1200
 - (8) 1500
 - (4) Cannot be determined (fi) None of thes
- 107. What approximate amount of compound interest can be obtained on an amount of Rs. 1.542 at the rate of 4 p.c.p.a. after 2 venre?
 - (I) Rs. 126 (2)Ra: 130 (3)Rs. 122 (4)Rs. 115
- (5)Rs. 135 108. Two years ago the ratio of the ages of Swati and Khyati was 5: 7 respectively. Two years hence
 - the ratio of their ages will be 7: 9 respectively. What is the present age of Khyati?
 - (1) 16 years (2) 14 years
 - (3) 12 years

 - (4) Cannot be determined (ii) None of these
- 109. Mr. Shrimant inherits 2505 gold coins and divides them amongst his 3 sons - Bharat, Parat and Marat-in a certain ratio. Out of the total coins received by each of them. Bharat sells 30 coins. Parat donates his 30 coins and Marat losses 25 coins. New the ratio of gold coins with them is 46 : 41 : 34 respectively. How many coins did Parat receive
 - from his father? (1)705(2)950 (3)800 (4)850
 - (5) None of these
- 110. The cost of 11 kgs. of Sugar is Re. 264. The cost of 14 kgs. of ten is Rs. 252 and the cust of 17 litros of milk is Re. 544. What is the total cost of 24 kgs, of sugar, 21 kgs. of ten and 25 litres of milk?
 - (l)Re. 1,745 (2) Re. 1,800 (3) Rs. 1,825 (4) Rs. 1,764
 - (5) None of these
- 111. A car covers a certain distance at the speed of 54 kmph in 8 hours. What is the distance covand by the car?

- (1)428 kms. (2)444 kms.
- (3) 432 kms. (4) 430 kms.
- (5) None of these
- 112, 25 shirt pieces of 125 cms. each can be cut from a reel of cloth. After cutting these pieces 90 cms. of cloth remains. What is the length of the real of cloth in metres ?
 - (1) 3215 metres
 - (2) 35.15 metres
 - (3)32.15 metres (4) 3515 metres
 - (5) None of these
- 113. The sum of the squares of two consecutive positive odd numbere is 650. Which is the larger number 7
 - (1)17 (2:21 (3) 23(4) 15

(5) None of these

- 114. The profit surned after selling a pair of shows for Rs. 2.033 is the same as less incurred after selling the same pair of shoes for Rs. 1,063. What is the cost of the
 - shows ? (1) Rs. 1,650 (2) Rs. 1,548
 - (8)Rs. 1,532
 - (4) Cannot be determined (fi) Nems of these
- 115, When an amount of Rs. 1.58,965 is divided equally amongst 120 people, how much approximate amount would each person get?
 - (I)Rs. 1.330 (2) Rs. 1.315 (i) Rs. 1,886 (i) Rs. 1,820
 - (5)Rs. 1,325

Directions (116 - 120) : Study the table carefully to answer the questions 126. Four of the following five are alike

NUMBER OF STUDENTS (IN LAKES) STUDYING IN VARIOUS STANDARDS IN DIFFERENT STATES

Standard State	v	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
P	2.5	2.8	4.3	2.0	4.1	4.8
Q	3.2	2.9	4.1	8.0	3.6	2.7
Q R	2.8	3.2	3.8	6.6	2.9	3.7
S	4.8	2.4	3.6	3.4	3.4	4.3
T	3.1	3.9	4.7	4.0	3.4	4.0
U	3.3	4.2	2.7	4.1	3.6	3.8

- 116. Which standard has the highest total number of students from all the states together ?
 - OWNE (2) VIII
 - OBX. (4) IX (5) None of these
- 117 What is the total number of students studying in Standard VII from State R and Standard VIII From State S 7
 - (1)7200000
 - (2)680000
 - (3)72000
 - (4)6800000
 - (ii) None of these
- 118. What is the respective ratio of number of students studying in Standard VI of State P to those studying in Standard X of State
 - (1)
- (3)
- (ii) None of these
- 119. Number of students studying in Standard IX of State T form what nor cont of total number of students from that State ? (rounded off to two digits after decimal)
 - (1)16.84(2) 12.95 (3)14.72 (4) 15.34
 - (5) None of these
- 120. What is the average number of 125, If 'X'means 'subtracted from', '.' students studying in Standard V from all states together ? (1)1800000
 - (2)3200000
 - (3)180000
 - (4)320000
 - (5) None of these

REASONING

- 121, How many such pairs of letters are there in the word CHARG-KS such of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet? (I) None (2) One
 - (3) Two (4) Three
- (5) More than three 122. In a certain code DURABLE is written as QTCBDKA. How is COUNTRY written in that
 - rude ! (i) VPDOZSU
 - (2) TNBOXQS
 - (3) VPDMZSU
 - (4)TNBOZSU (fi) None of these
- 123. Pointing to a man, Rina said "He is the son of my grandmother's only child". How is the man re-
 - 1 at red to Riha? (1) Son.
 - (2; Brother
 - (3) Cousin Brother
 - (4) Data inadequate
 - (ii) None of these
- 124. In a certain code LONG is writen as '51#4' and GEAR is writem as '45400'. How is ROLE written in that code?
 - (2) 951% (1) 915%
 - (3) 915# (4) 415%
 - (5) None of three
 - means 'added to'+'means 'multiplied by and'+' means 'divided by, then
 - $8 \cdot 12 + 4 \times 3 + 3 = 7$ (1)35
 - (2)12 (3) 2 643 4
 - (5) None of these

- not belong to that group? (l) Pup (2) Cub (3) Kitten (4) Fool
 - (5) Gent
 - 127. What should come next in the following letter assumpton ? ABCDEFGHABCDEFG ABCDEF

in a cortain way and so form a

group. Which is the one that does

- (1)H (2)G
- (3) A (4)E
- (5) None of these
- 128. The positions of the first and the fifth digits in number 84316975 are interchanged. Similarly the positions of the second and the sixth digits are interchanged and so on. Which of the following will be the second from the right end after the rearrangement ? (1)3(2)4
 - (3):1 (4)6
 - (li) None of these
- 129. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
 - (1)36 (2)64
 - (4)56 C0048
 - (5)52
- 130. How many manningful English words can be made with the letters EDSU using each letter only once in each word?
 - (I)None C25 Clea
 - (3) Two (4) Three (5) More than three
 - Directions (131 136) : Study

the following information carefully and answer the questions given below :

P. Q. R. S. T. V. W and Z are sitting around a circle facing at the centre. R is fourth to the left of P who is second to the right of S. V is fourth to the right of S. Q is fourth to the left of W who is not an immediate neighbour of P or S. Z is not an immediate neigh-, bour of R.

- 131. Who is to the immediate right of V.F
 - (1)R
 - (3)Z
 - (4) Data inadequate
 - (5) None of these

- 132. Who is to the immediate right of 138. Statements:

 - COST
 - 135W (4) Data inadequate
 - (5) None of these
- 133. Who is second to the left of Z !
 - (1)() (2)V (8)(5) (4)W
 - (5) None of these
- 184. In-which of the following pairs is the first person sitting to the immediate right of the second minimize 7
 - (1) VW (2) RT (3) WR (0) QP
 - (5)ZP
- 135. Which of the following pairs are the immediate neighbours of Z ?
 - (t)WQ (2)VQ cs WP (4) VP
 - (5) None of these
- 136. Who is third to the right of R ?

(2) 8

- (1)P
- ODQ
- (4) Data inadequate
- (5) None of these

Directions (137-142): In each of the questions below are given three statements followed by two conclusions, numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Give answer (1) if only Conclusinn I follows.

Give answer (2) if only Conclusion II fullows

Give answer (3) if either Conclusion I or II follows. Give answer (4) if neither Con-

clusion I nor II follows Give answer (5) if both Conclu-

sions I and II follow.

137. Statements:

Some spoons are puts. All pots are cups. Some cups are cards.

Conclusions

- Some cards are spoons.
- II. Some cups are spoons.

- - Some keys are locks.
 - Some locks are doors.

Some doors are windows. Conclusions

- I. Some windows are locks
- II. Some doors are keys.

139. Statements:

- Some boys are flowers.
- All flowers are jungles. All jungles are houses.
- Conclusions
- I. Some houses are flowers II. Some houses are boys.
- 140. Statements:
- All buses are trains.
 - Some trains are conclus-All coaches are stations.
 - Conclusions
 - I. Some stations are trains.
 - II. Some coaches are buses.
- 141. Statements:
 - All bottles are tanks. All tanks are drums.

 - All drums are pipes. Conclusions
 - I. Some pipes are tanks.
- II. Some drums are bottles 142 Statements:
- All sticks are brushes
 - No brush is fruit. Some fruits are trees.
 - Conclusions
 - I. Some trees are sticks. II. No tree is stick.
- Directions (143-148): In the following questions, the symbols &, C, 8. * and % are used with the following meaning as illustrated below :
- 'A \$ B' means 'A is either greater than or equal to B'.
- 'A* B' means 'A is sither smallor than or equal to B."
- 'A@B' means 'A is neither great-
- er than nor emaller than B.' 'A C B' meuns 'A is smaller than B'.
- 'A % B' means 'A is greater than B'. Now in each of the following
- questions assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the two Conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true ?
- Give answer (1) if only Conclusion I is trus.

- Give answer (2) if only Conclusion II is tru's
- Give answer (3) if either Con-
- clusion I or 11 is true.
- Give answer (4) if neither Conclusion I nor II is true.
- Give answer (5) if both Conclu-
- sions I and II are true
- 143. Statements:
 - ROK. K.M. M%P Conclusions:
 - L M % R H. POR
- 144. Statements;
- H@K.KSF.FCN
- Conclusions:
- LNNK
- 145. Statements: M % Q. Q . K. K S R
- Conclusions:
- L M%K
- 146 Statements:
 - P+R. RSJ.J@D
 - Conclusions:
 - H PaJ I DSP
- 147 Statements: W & P. P C K. K + R
 - Conclusions:
- LRSP 148. Statements:
 - D . N. N@F, F&Q
 - Conclusions:
 - L QCN
- Directions (149 154): Study the following arrangement carefully
- and answer the questions given below GORP#ESA9CIDFH
 - %3Q4WUJ2+81B7M
- 149. How manysuch symbols are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately followed by a consonant but not immediately preceded by a numhier 7
 - (1) None
- (2) One
- (ii) Two (4) Three (5) More than three
- 150. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong
 - to that group? (t) 9AD (2) PR#
 - cb eQW (4) %3H
 - (fi) 2.1+

- 151. How many such, vowels are there 157. Problem Figures in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately, preceded by a number anddramediately followed by a letter ?
 - (l) None
 - (2) One (4) Three
 - + (0) Two (5)Four
- 152. If all the numbers in the above arrangement are dropped, which of the following will be ninth from the right end?
 - (1)F
- (2)U (4) C
- (3) % (5) None of these
- 153. Which of the following is the eight to the right of the fourteenth from the right end of the above arrangement?
 - (DJ
 - (2) A (3) * (4) E
 - (5) None of these
- 154. How many such consonants are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant and not immediately followed by a consomant?
 - (I) None
- (2) One (4) Three
- (3) Two (5) More than three

Directions (155-160): In each of the questions given below which one of the five answer figures should come after the problem figures if the sequence were continued? 155. Problem Figures

0	- 64	1	- 44	0	- 44	ın.	0	•	- 6
4	G	0	A	¢	. 3	6	til:		-1

1	0	. (30	Δ	¢	- 4	=	C
0	4	4	2 0	2	la i	-	Δ	0
+	- 03	£ 1	1 0	0	4	_0	8	¢
	D)	(2)			(4			5)

156. Problem Figures

Δ	D	c	9	D	4	0	Δ	0	0
0	c	0	Δ	4	. 0	è	0	0	6

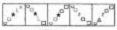
Answer Figures

0	Δ	Δ	D	D	.0	Δ	۵	0	٨
0	0	0	. #	4	0	0	0	0	c
11	5	1.	1	1	1)	6	41	C	()

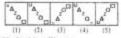
				1								
A	0	z	F	0	8	1	F	2	18	ά	0	1
	A	n	swe	rF	ig	u	es					



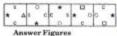
158. Problem Figures



Answer Figures



159. Problem Figures

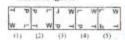


		0			2			- 1	
(1)	¢	0	*	c	D	O	-0	0	¢
*		D			0				5
(1)		(2)			(3)	3	41	12	51.

160. Problem Figures



Answer Figures



49. (4)	50. (4)	51. (2)	52 (4)
53, (4)	54. (3)	55. (1)	56. (3)
57.(6)	58. (2)	59, (1)	60. (4)
61. (3)	62. (4)	63, (3)	64. (2)
65. (1)	66, (4)	67. (2)	68. (11)
69. (1)	70. (6)	71.(5)	72. (3)
73. (2)	74.(4)	75.(1)	76. (4)
77.(1)	78. (2)	79. (3)	80.(6)
81. (3)	82. (1)	83. (4)	84. (5)
85. (4)	80. (2)	87. (1)	88. (5)
89. (4)	90.(2)	91.(5)	92.(3)
93.(1)	94. (2)	95, (6)	96. (6)
97. (1)	98.(3)	99, (4)	100.(2)
101.(3)	102.(1)	103. (2)	104. (4)
105. (5)	106. (3)	107. (1)	108.(1)
109. (4)	110. (5)	111. (3)	112.(3)
113. (5)	114. (2)	115. (6)	116.(1)
117. (5)	118.(2)	119 (3)	120. (4)
121.(3)	122. (2)	123. (2)	124.(1)
125.(3)	126. (5)	127, (3)	128.(1)
129. (i)	130. (3)	131. (2)	132. (1)
133.(1)	134, (5)	135, (4)	136. (3)
137.(2)	138. (4)	139. (5)	140.(1)
141.(5)	142. (3)	143.(1)	144. (2)
145. (5)	146. (4)	147. (4)	148. (3):
149.(1)	150. (4)	151. (2)	152.(3)
153. (1)	154. (3)	155. (5)	156. (2)
157. (2)	168.(1)	159. (3)	160. (4)
		120020	

ANSWERS

2. (3) 3.(4) 1. (5) 6. (5) 7.(1) 8.(3) 5. (4) 9.(1) 10.(3) 11.(1) 12.(4) 13.(1) 14.(1) 15.(5) 16.(1) 17. (2) 18. (1) 19. (3) 20. (3) 21. (4) 22. (1) 23. (1) 24. (3) 25. (3) 26. (3) 27. (4) 28. (1) 29.(1) 30.(4) 31.(3) 32.(3) 33.(4) 34.(2) 35.(2) 36.(3) 37.(1) 38.(3) 39.(3) 40.(1) 41. (4) 42. (5) 43. (1) 44. (1) 45. (3) 46. (3) 47. (2) 48. (2)

EXPLANATIONS

- 1. (5) 15 per cent.
- 2. (3) Third
- 3. (4) ₹ 12000 crors
- 4. (5) 14.5 times
- 5. (4) 4.4 per cent. 6. (5) 27.6 per cent
- 7. (1) State Hank of India
- 8.(3) Sachin I. ndulkur
- 9. (1) Oil and gas
- 10, (3) 1.3 per cent. 11. (1) SKS Microfinance
- 12. (4)₹71.28 cross
- 13. (1) students
- 14. (1) American
- 15. (5) ₹ 299/kl
- 16. (1) Infneys Technologies
- 17. (2) West Bengal
- 18. (1) Cosmos Co-operative Bank
- 19. (il) 6.58 per cent.
- 20. (3) 42 per cent

- 21. (4) Hyderabad
- 22, (1) daily
- 23, (1) Punjab and Sind Bank
- 24, (3) ₹ 11,217.95 cross
- 25, (3) ₹ 10000 crure
- 26, (i) B. Sudarshan Reddy Commit-
- 27, (4) All of the above
- 28. (1) Amitable Buckehan
- 29. (1) Franscisco Sanchez
- 30, (4) All the above
- 31. (3) (a), (b) and (d)
- 32. (3) Richard F. Heck
- 33. (4)LiuXinobo
- 34, (2) Nelson Mandela
- 35. (2) 10 December
- 36. (3) Anand Sivasubrumuniam
- 37. (1) 2 December, 2010
- 38. (3) B only
- 39, (3) Markshoets and degrees of students will be imprinted with the Audhar number of UIDAt
- 40.(1) Ashwini Chidananda
- 41. (4) The knowledge and learning gained should never be misused.
- 42. (5) None of these
- 43. (1) To save their lives from the tions.
- 44. (1) Never to misuse the power achieved with the help of the
- 45, (3) The tiper
- 46. (3) The sage was biased towards the clever disciple and disliked others.
- 47, (2) He did not want the verse to die with him
- 48. (2) To flaunt the power of the werse to the other disciples.
- 49. (4) Because they were very bright and eager students.
- 50. (4) They tried to stop him as he could put their lives in danger.
- 51. (2) The meaning of the word Cry (Verb) as used in the passage
 - is the shoot loudly.

Look at the sentence:

He ran to the window and cried for help.

Of the given alternatives the word Scream (Verb) means to give a loud, high cry, because you are hurt, excited etc.

Look at the sentence :

The Kids were screaming with

Hence, the words cried and screamed are synonymous.

52. (4) The meaning of the word Pounce (Verb) as used in the passage : to move suddenly forwards in order to attack or catch somebody/something

Look at the sentence:

The lion crouched ready to

Of the given alternative the word Plunge (Verb) means : to move or make somebody/something move suddenly towards.

- Hence, the words pounced and plunged are synonymous.
- 53. (4) The meaning of the word Ponder (Verb) as used in the passge is : to think about something carefully for a period of time; consider.

Look at the sentence: The senator pendered the quas-

tion for a moment.

Hence, the words pondered and thought are synonymous.

- 54. (3) The words bright and dull are antonymous.
- 55. (1) The meaning of the word Fierce (Adjective) as used in the passage is : angry and aggressive in a way that is fright-

Look at the sentence:

to fierce eyes glared at them. The word Timid (Adjective)

means : shy and nervous Hence, the word fierce are tim-

- id are antonymous. 56. (3) wanted to start.
- 57. (5) No correction required
- 58, (2) with sheet before
- 59. (1) walking down the
- 60, (4) could not move
- 61. (3) Replace the word 'develop' by 'development'.
- 62. (4) The correct spelling is : supervise.
- 63. (3) The appropriate word should he: topping.
- 64. (2) The appropriate word should he: poverty.
- 65. (1) The appropriate word should he: people. 67, (2) (B)
- 66. (4) (E)
- 68. (3) (C) 69.(1) (A)
- 70. (5)(F)
- 71. (5) led

- 72, (3) award
- 73. (2) instrumental
- 74. (4) family 75. (1) concern
- 77.(1) among 76, (4) faith 78. (2) gentle .. 79. (3) He
- 80. (5) did

81. (3) ? =
$$\frac{75 \times 280}{100} - \frac{24 \times 45}{100}$$

=210-10.80=199.282.(1)

- ? = 789613 658748 124563-6302
- 83. (4) ? = $\frac{8 \times 7}{16} \times 12 = 42$
- 84. (5) 7 = 63.04 + 15.25 + 36.004 = 114.294
- 85. (4) $? = 7^{9} + 5^{3} + \frac{3}{16 \times 16}$
- = 343 + 25 + 0.25 = 368.25 86. (2) 7 = 87 × 7 × 3 = 777
- 87. (1) $7 = \frac{1287}{1645} \times \frac{235}{572} \times \frac{16}{63} = \frac{4}{49}$
- 88. (5)? = 0.64 × 2.5 × 3.2 = 6.4 0.8
- 89. (4) $\frac{[144 + 2]}{} = 3.2$ 125
 - == 144 + ?0 = 125 × 3.2 = 400 ≈ 7¹ = 400 - 144 = 256
 - ∴ ?= √256 = 16
- 90, (2) $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{4}{5} \times 7 = 1112$

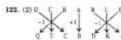
$$\therefore ? = \frac{1112 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5}{2 \times 3 \times 4} = 3475$$

- 91. (5) J7 = 8+11=19 \therefore ? = 19 × 19 = 361
- 92. (3) $7 = \frac{12.5 \times 16 + 25}{6.4 \times 5.5 10.2} = \frac{225}{25}$
- 93. (1) (7856 + 3214 + 6318) + 7 = 38.64
 - → 17388 = 38.64
 - $\Rightarrow 7 = \frac{17388}{38.64} = 450$
- $94.(2)? = \frac{7398}{54} \times 12 = 1644$

- 117. (5) Required number of students = (3.8 + 3.4) lakh = 7.2 lakh-720000
- -10 119 (3) Total number of students
- from the State T = (3.1 + 0.0 + 4.7)+ 4 + 3.4 + 4) lakh 23.1 lakh Number of students studying in Standard IX of State T = 3.4 lakh
 - ... Required per cent
 - $=\frac{3.4}{23.1}\times100+14.72$
- 120. (4) Average number of students studying in Standard V

$$=\left(\frac{19.2}{8}\right)$$
lakh = 3.21akh
= 320000

× 320000



Similarly



- 123. (2) Only child of Rana's grandmother means either father or mother of Rina.
 - Therefore, the man is brother of

ROLE 1 1 1 1 9 1 5 %

- 125. (3)? = $8 12 + 4 \times 3 + 3$ \Rightarrow ? = 8 + 12 + 4 - 3 × 3 \Rightarrow 7 = 8 + 3 - 9 = 2
- 126. (5) Except Goat all others are young once of different animals. The young one of goat is called kid
- 127. (3) A B C D E F G H ABCDEFG

Α





- 129, (5) Except in case of 52, in all other cases the sum of two digits is double digit.
- 130. (3) Meaningful Words -> USED, SUED
 - (131 136) : Sitting arrangement



- 131. (2) W is to the immediate right nFV
- 132. (1) T is to the immediate right of
- 133. (1) Q is second to the left of Z. 134. (5) Z is sitting to the immediate
- right of P. 135. (4) P and V are immediate
- neighbours of Z. 136. (3) Q is third to the right of R.
- (137 142): (i) All pots are cups > Univer
 - sal Affirmative (A-type) (ii) Some spoons are pots > Par
 - ticular Affirmative (I-type) (iii)No brush is fruit > Univer sal Negative (E-type)
 - (iv) Some brushes are not fruits > Particular Negative (O-
- 137, (2) Some spoons are pols.

All pots are cups.

- I + A == I-type of Conclusion "Some spoons are cups." Conclusion II is Converse of it.
- 138. (4) All the three Premises are Particular Affirmative (1-type). No Conclusion follows from the two Particular Premises.

139. (5) Some boys are flowers.

All flowers are jungles.

 $I + A \Rightarrow I$ -type of Conclusion . . "Some boys are jungles."

All flowers are jungles

At jungles are houses.

A + A ⇒ A-type of Conclusion "Ali flowers are houses." Conclusion I is Converse of it.

Some boys are jungles.

All jungles are houses.

- 1 + A ⇒ I-type of Conclusion "Some boys are houses." Conclusion II is Converse of it.
- 140. (1) Some trains are coaches.

All coaches are stations. I + A → I-type of Conclusion "Some trains are stations." Conclusion I is Converse of it.

141. (5) All bottles are tanks.

All tanks are drums.

A + A - A-type of Conclusion "All bottles are drums." Conclusion II is Converse of it.

All tanks are drums

- All drums are pipes.
- A + A => A-type of Conclusion "All tanks are pipes." Conclusion I is Converse of it.
- 142. (3) All sticks are brushes.

No brush is free.

 $A + E \Rightarrow E$ -type of Conclusion "No stick is fruit."

No brush is fruit

Same fruits are trees.

 $E + I \Rightarrow O_1$ -type of Conclusion "Some trees are not brushes." Conclusions I and II form Complementary Pair. Therefore, either I or II follows.

(143 - 148):

\$ 100 %	* ⇒≤	0
0 100 4	5 ->>	

143. (1) R ⊕ R ≪ K K ★ M ⇒ K ≤ M M ⊕ P ⇒ M > P Therefore, R < K ≤ M > P

Conclusions
I. M % R ⇒ M > R : True
II. P O R ⇒ P < R : Not True

144. (2) H⊕K ⇒ H = K K \$ F ⇒ K ≥ F F ⊕ N ⇒ F < N Therefore, H = K ≥ F < N

> I. $N \% K \Rightarrow N > K : Not True$ II. $F * H \Rightarrow F \le H : True$

145. (5) M % Q ⇒ M > Q Q@ K ⇒ Q = K K \$ R ⇒ K ≥ R Therefore, M > Q = K ≥ R

Conclusions I. $M \% K \Rightarrow M > K : True$ II. $R \otimes M \Rightarrow R < M : True$

146. (4) $P \star R \Rightarrow P \leq R$ $R \otimes J \Rightarrow R \geq J$ $J \otimes D \Rightarrow J = D$

> Therefore, $P \le R \ge J = D$ Conclusions I. $D \ P \Rightarrow D \ge P$: Not True

II. $P \otimes J \Rightarrow P = J : Not True$ 147. (4) $W \otimes P \Rightarrow W \ge P$ $P \otimes K \Rightarrow P < K$

 $P \cap K \Rightarrow P < K$ $K * R \Rightarrow K \le R$ Therefore, $W \ge P < K \le R$ Conclusions $L = R \times P \Rightarrow R \times P : Not Tree$

L R $P \rightarrow R \ge P : Not True$ H. K $W \rightarrow K > W : Not True$ 148. (3) D $\times N \rightarrow D \le N$

 $N \oplus F \Rightarrow N = F$ $F \otimes Q \Rightarrow F \otimes Q$ Therefore, $D \leq N = F \geq Q$ Conclusions 1. $Q \oplus N \Rightarrow Q < N : Not True$ 11. $Q \oplus N \Rightarrow Q < N : Not True$ Q is wither smaller than or equal

to N.

149. (1) Number Symbol Consumant
There is no such combination.

150. (4) $Q \xrightarrow{-1} A \xrightarrow{-2} + 0$ $P \xrightarrow{-1} R \xrightarrow{-2} + 0$ $4 \xrightarrow{-1} Q \xrightarrow{-2} + W$ $9 \xrightarrow{-1} 3 \xrightarrow{-2} + H$ $2 \xrightarrow{-1} J \xrightarrow{-32} + 0$ 151. (2) Number Vowel Letter

There is only one such combination: 81B

152. (3) New sequence

154, (3)

⊕ EP # E A G D F m G Q W T J * 1 H M Tob from right

153. (1) 6th to the right of 14th from the right end means 8th from the right end, i.e., J.

Company Community

Commonant Consument Cognosignt Such combinations are :

RP# : FH%

155. (5) The movement of designs in the subsequent figure can be shown as:

(1) to (2).

(2) to (3)

· · ·

(3) to (4) (4) to (5)



(fi) to (fl)



156. (2) From Problem Figure (1) to (2) the pairs of diagonally opposite designs interchange positions. From Problem Figure (2) to (3) all the four designs move one step in clackwise direction. These two steps are repeated alternately in the subsequent figure.

- 157. (2) From Problem Figure (1) to (2) the four designs located at the corners move sme step in anticlockwise direction, the uppermiddle dosign moves to the right middle position while the lower middle position while the lower middle position and it is replaced with a new design. Similar changes would occur from Prablem Figure (ii) to Answer
- 158. (1) From Problem Figure (1) to (2) to place of designs rotates through 90° clockwise and one of the designs is replaced with a new design. From Problem Figure (2) to (3) the plane of designs rotates through 90° anticlowise and one of the designs is replaced with a new design. These two steps are repeated alternately in the subsequent figures.
- 159. (3) From Problem Figured) to (2) all the four designs move one step in anticlockwise direction and the design which moves to the top position is replaced with a new design. From Problem Figure (2) to (3) the two pairs of opposite designs interchange positions. These two steps are continued in albernate manner in the subsequent figures.
- 160. (4) In the subsequent figures all the designs move respectively one, two, one two steps in clockwise direction after being retarted throught 90° clockwise in each subsequent figure.

MODELQUESTION PAPER

GENERAL AWARENESS

- 1. State owned Oil and Natural Gas-Corp. Lad's fuel subsidy hill increased by nearly____to ₹3019 rure in the quarter ended September 2010.
 - (1)0 per cent (2) I per cent
 - (3)11 per cent (4) 13 per cent (ii) 15 per cent
- 2. India in October 2010, launched the National Green Tribunal thus becoming the _____nation in the world to have special courts for environmental issues
 - (1: First. (2) Second
 - (3) Third (4) Fourth (5) Fifth
- 3. Reserve Bank of India in Octoher 2010 announced to buy bank upto____to government securities as part of the governments cash management operations.
 - (1) \$ 7000 crops
 - (2)7 9000 cries
 - (3) ₹ 11000 crors
 - (4) \$12000 crops (5)₹ 13000 crore
- 4. Power Grid Corp. India Ltd's 8 1.7 billion share sale in November 2010 was subscribed___on its final day underlining investor demand for the offer.
 - (t) 10 times (2) 12 times
 - (l) 13.7 times (4) 14 times
 - (5) \$4.5 times
- 5. According to government data released in November 2010, Industrial output growth in September 2010 slumped to a 16month low of_
 - (2) 5.7 per cent (1) 6 per cent (3) 5 per cent (4) 4.4 per cent
 - (5) 3.9 per cent
- 6. According to data released by Commerce and Industry Ministry in November 2010, Indian exports during April-September 2010 period aggregated to increase

- (1) 20 percent.
- (2) 21 4 per cent
- (3) 24.9 per cent
- (4) 26.8 per cent. (5) 27.6 per cent
- 7. The Reserve Bank of India in November 2010 has down granted the ___following an inspection for the fiscal year ended March 2009-10.
 - (1) State Bank of India
 - (2) Punjab National Bank
 - (ii) Central Bank
 - (4) Bank of India
 - (5) United Bank
- 8. Who among the following in November 2010 became the official ambuseador of World Cup 2011? (1) Rahul Dravid
 - (2) Ricky Posting
 - (3) Suchin Tendulkur
 - (4) Virender Sehwag
 - (5) Ail of these
- 9. British energy firm BG Group Pic. in November 2010 announced to invest \$500 millions in India in its business.
 - (1) Gil and gas (2) Cement
 - (3) Aarba (4) All of these (5) None of these
- 10. According to data released by Reserves Bank of India in November 2010, bank deposit growth dropped___in the fortnight ended November 5, 2010.
 - (1) 0.4 per cent (2) 1 per cent (3) 1.3 per cent. (4) 1.9 per cent.
- (5) 2.4 per cent
- 11. Which company's shares on November 18, 2010 plunged by 10.84 per cent after its unneurosment that its collections have fallen sharply over the October 2010 in Andhra Peadosh, its largaut market?
 - (1) SKS Microfmance
 - (2) InfoeysTech

 - (4) Mahindra and Mahindra
 - (5) Maruti Suzuki India Ltd.

- 12. The government in November 2010 approved additional compensation of ____for the victims of Bhopal gas trugedy
 - (1K 21 cross . (2) ₹ 47 cross
 - (3) € 60 crore
 - (4) 71.28 crore
 - (5) ₹ 90 crore
- 13. The human resource development ministry in October 2010 signed an agreement with the Unique Identification Authority of India to provide UDI numbers to all
 - (1) students
 - (2) sports persons.
 - (3) war widows (4) Madical students
 - (6) central government staff
- 14. In a move that could change the composition of the derivatives
 - trade in the country, capital market regulator Sebi in October 2010 decided to provide flexibility to exchanges to offer either European or ___style stock op-
 - (1) American (2) Indi an
 - (3) Chinese (4) Australian
 - (5)Japanese
- 15. State owned oil firms on Novemher 1, 2010 hiked jet find prices by____, in sync with a rise in glohal rates.
 - (1) ₹ 150kl (2)₹ 161/kl (3 f 200M (4)f 214/hd
 - (5) T 209%
- 16. Which company in November 2010 hagged orders from 11 regional rural banks for implementing its Finance's core banking solutions?
 - (1) Infesys Technologies
 - (2) Wipro (3) Accenture
 - (4) Hewil

 - (5) All of these
- 17. Indian Railways in November 2010 singed-a memorandum of understanding with NTPC Lad.

- for setting up a 1320 MW power mlant in
- (1) Delhi (2) West Bengal
- (3) Jharkhand (4) Assam
- (5) Bibar
- 18. Which bank in November 2010 has been fined ₹ 500,000 for violating guidelines in sanctioning loans to directors, relations etc."
 - (1) Cosmos Co-operative Bank
 - (2) United Bank
 - (3) Central Bank
 - (4) Vishyn Co-operative Bank (5) Januta Co-operative Bank
- 19. Indian Railway in November
- 2010 has reported a rise in revenue earnings from freight traffic for the April-October 2010 period.
 - (1)2 per cent
 - (2) 4.79 per cent
 - (3) 6.58 per cent
 - (4) 7.12 per cent
 - (5) S per cent
- 20. During the first seven menths of fiscal 2010-11, government's indirect tax collections recorded a jump of to (1.8 trillion.
 - (1)36 per cent (2) 38 per cent
 - (3) 42 per cent. (4) 45 per cent (5) 49 per cent
- 21. Which airport in October 2010 increased the user development fee (UD) and became the most expensive airport to fly from in India 7 (1) Dolhi
 - (2)Narpur
 - (3)Gus (4) Hyderabad (5) All of these
- 22. The Reserve Bank of India in
- November 2010 opened a special borrowing window for banks, citing tight liquidity conditions. Banks can now borrow through a second repo auction to be conducted
 - (1) daily (2) weekly
 - (3) avery fortnight
 - (4) monthly
 - (5) bi-yearly
- 23. Which hank in November 2010 got Securities and Exchange Board of India's (SEBD approxal for its 7 600 crors initial public offering?
 - (1) Punish and Sind Bank
 - (2) Central Bank

- (ii) Punjah National Bank
- (4) All of those
- (5) None of these
- 24. The income-tax authorities in October 2010 raised a tax demand of on Vodafime International Holdings for not having deducted tax at source when it paid Hutchison Telecommunications 8 11.2 billion in 2007.
 - (b) ₹ 10000 crees
 - (2) ₹ 10015.65 cross
 - (3)₹ 11,217.95 cmm
 - (4) ₹ 12000 cross
- (ii) ₹ 12314.79 cross 25. The government in October 2010
- announced to give____to state fuel retailers for selling fuel below cost in the first half of fiscal 2010-11
 - (I)₹ 5000 cross
 - (2)₹ 7500 crors
 - (3) ₹ 10000 crors
 - (4) \$ 12000 gross
 - (5) ₹ 15000 errors
- 26. Which of the following committees recently probed misapproprintion charges against Calcutta High Court judge Soumitra Sen in the removal proceeding initiated by Parliament?
 - (1) Vikrum Seth Committee
 - (2) Virappa Moily Committee (3)B. Sudarshan Raddy Com-
 - mit bee (4) A.K. Antomy Committee
- (5) None of these 27. Consider the following state-
- (a) President Ohama and First Lady reach Eashtrapati Bha-
 - (b) The couple arrive at Raighat.
 - (c) Barack Ohama reaches Hydevalued House for the delegation level talks.
 - (d) Michelle Obama arrives at the National Handicrafts and Handleoms Museum.
 - Which of the above statements is/are true?
 - (1) Only (a)
 - (2) Only (b)
 - (3) Only (c) and(d)
 - (4) All of the above
 - (n) None of these

- 28. Prime Minister Manmohan Singh had invited several film personalities to the dinner who among the following was not related to dinner party 7
 - (i)Amitabh Bachchan (2) Anmir Khan
 - (3)Shahana Azmi
 - (4) Javed Akhtar
 - (5) Norm of these
- 29. US Under secretary of commerce for International Trade speaking at the session on India-US Partnership for Innovation. Whois the US under secretary of commerce for International Trade ? (l)Franscisco Sanchez
 - (2) Prof. Babert Brown
 - (3) Timothy Geithner
 - (4) Sidney Slieden
 - (n) None of these
- 30. Consider the following statements about Bibar assembly :
 - (a) Chief minister Nitish Kumar's ruling coalition won 206 seats in the 243-member assembly in 2010 elec-
 - (b) The Janata Dal (United) improved its sent tally from 88 in 2005 to 115 in this elec-
 - (c) The Bharatiya Januta Party (BJP) improved its seat tally from 55 in 2005 to 91 in this election.
 - (d)The RJD and its alliance partner Lok Janshakti Party (LJP) won 25 sents.
 - Which of the above statements are true ?
 - (1) Only (a) (2) Only(b)
 - (3) Only (c) and (d)
 - (4) All the above
 - (5) None of these
- 31. Consider the following state-
 - (a) Prithvi Raj Chavan became the new Chief Minister of Maharashara.
 - (b) Former West Bengal Chief Minister Siddhartha Shankar Ray passed away on 6th Necember 2010
 - (c) American president Barack Hussain Ohuma visited a Rainethan's village

- (d) Union Minister Sachin Pilot dedicated eight e-services Post office to Delhi.
- Which of the above statements serie brosse?
- (1) Only (a)
- (2) (a) and (b) (ii) (a), (b) and (d)
- (4) All of the phone
- (5) None of these
- 32. Who among the following is not related to the winner of the 2010 Nobel Prize in Chemistry 7 (l)Akira Suzuki
 - (2)Ei-ichi Negishi
 - (3) Richard F. Hock
 - (4) Andrei Geim
 - (5) None of these
- 33. Who among the following is not related to the winner of the 2010. Nobel Prize in Economics given in December 2010 7
 - (1) Christopher Pissarides
 - (2) Peter Diamond
 - (3) Dule Mortensen
 - (f) Lin Xinoba
 - (6) None of these
- 34. Who is the writer of Conversa
 - tions with Myself ?
 - (I)Sonia Gandhi
 - (2) Nelson Mandela
 - (3) Barnck Obamu
 - (4) Khushwant Singh (5) None of these
- 35. Human Rights Day is celebratedevery year on
 - (1)8 December
 - (2) 10 December
 - (0) 10 November (4) 20 December
 - (5) None of these
- 36. Indian Professor who has been named for the Association for Computing Machinery (ACM) award
 - (I) A. K. Sidhwani
 - (2) K.L. Supriya
 - (S)Anand Sivnanheamaniam
 - (4) ML Shivarama
 - (fi) None of those
- 37. International Monetary Fund (IMF) Managing Director Dominique Strauss Kahn on described India as an "aconomic power house" and said that the time has come for India to play

- its rightful role in global economic governance.
- (1)2 December, 2010 (2) 3 December, 2010
- (3)4 December, 2010
- (4) 5 December, 2010
- (5) None of these
- 38. The National Advisory Council. chaired by Congress President. Sonia Gandhi, submitted its report on the National Food Security Act to the Union government recently. Which of the following statements about its recommendations is are correct?
- A. Subsidized food grains should be provided to at least 90% of the country's population
- B. The entitled population is to be divided into two groups: Priority' and 'General' households
- C. The price of food grains supplied to all households covered by the Act aboutd he the some
 - (1) A confe (2) A and B only
 - (3) Bonly
 - (4) B and Conly (6) None of these
- 39. Which of the following statements about the MoU signed between Union HRD Ministry and the Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI) recently is/are correct?
 - (1) Marksheets and degrees of students will be stored in paperless form
 - (2) Staff from educational institutions will be deputed for enumeration work undertakon by UIDAI
 - (3) Markshusta and dormus of students will be imprinted with the 'Andhar' number of UIDAL
 - (4) UIADI will nesist in the conduct of a national common entrance test for college admissions
- 40. Who won the gold medal in the women's 400m hurdles in the 16th Asian Games (2010) 7
 - (l)Ashwini Chidananda
 - (2) Despika Kumari
 - (3)TintuLuka
 - (4) Mausami Khatri (5) None of these

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (41-55): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The great sage once had a group of disciples. They were all very bright and eager students and the sage had all the reasons to be proud of them One day the sage realized that he had imparted enough knowledge to his disciples. Now they were all very learned. There was only one thing the sage had not taught them, and that was the special verse that could bring the dead back to life. The sage knew that such knowledge was too wonderful and could prove to be a dangerous thing in the hands of someone who was not very wise. The sage pondered over this for s long time. But he also knew that if he did not pass on this secret verse, it could die with him. So, at last he called his eleverest disciple aside and said 'I am going to teach you a very special verse. If you chant this you can being to life a dead person or animal. Use only when you need it to said nevr misuse or test your powers vainly." He then called all the disciples together and said. "I am sending you all into the forest for forty days. Go together and come back together. Each one of you has to guide one another and do good things"

So the disciples started out together into the forest. They were all united. But the clever disciple who knew the verse wanted to show he was better than the others. As they walked into the forest, they came across a dead tiger on the way. It was huge and loooked wickedly fierce even when dead. The clever disciple stopped and said to the other, "Now I am going to show you what our toucher has taught me alone. He has taught me how to bring life back into the dead." The others would not believe him and he said. "I would prove it to you by bringing this tiger back to life." But other disciple said "do not do anything to prove your knowledge vainly. Moreover, if you put life into this tiger, it will only turn on us and kill us all. This will not be a wise thing to do."