# 2 L----

34 Malch the following: Llst-l P SI9pe deflectior; method Force ill die member AB of the truss is
a, 1/2
b 1'1./3



- C, I'll
- d. P
- J7 Oeflection or the poim C Is
  - . (2J2+I)PL I EA
  - b IVI
  - e. (2..E+1)~
  - d (J2TI)~

38 A rectangular column section of25Qmni x 400mm Is reinforced will! 1/ve sieet bars of grade Pe-S()O, each of 20111m diameters, Concrete miN is M3Q, Alciul load on ~le col uum section, vith miuimum eccentricity as per 1/8:45(;:2000 using linrit statemethod ~an be applied upio

- . 1107.37
- b \80\$,30
- it 1806.40
- d, 190J.7
- A concrete beam 61' rectangular cross section of 200mm " 400mm is 'prestressed whh 11force 40ukN at eccentricity 100mm. I'he D;Illximunl compressive "Stress in dle concrete is
  - .a, .11.5'N/mm<sup>1</sup>
  - b. 7.5N!nuu'
  - c S.ON/nun'
  - 11 ~,5N/",m'
- 4() The flexural strength of M3(I concrete as per 1\$:456-2000 IS
  - ),S3 MPa
  - b 5,~7MI'Q
  - a. 21,23 MPa
  - d J().O Mľa
- 41 'In a random sampling procedure-for cube strength OI concrete. one sample consists oi X number of .specimens, These' specimens are tested, at 28 days and average strength of these X specimens is considered as lest 'result of IIIe sample, provided the individual variation in the strength of specimens is,not more than ± Y per cern of the average strength, The values uf X and V as per 1S:456-2000 are
  - a. 4 and 10 respectively
  - b, 3 and 10 respectively
  - G. 4 and 15 respectively

d. 3 and 15 respectively

Dllt" for Q.42 & Q.43' are given helew. Solve, the pro hiems lind choose correct nnswers, Assume straight line instead of parabola for stressstrain curve of concrete as given below and partial factor of safety as LO



A rectangular under-reinforced concrete section Qr 3 (10010i Width and 50001111effective depth is reinforced with:1 bars of grade Fe<sup>m</sup> 15, each of 1Clnundiameter Concrete mix IsM20,

- The depth of lhe neutral -axis from the compression fibre is
  - ~, 76nim
  - b. Slmm
  - c. 87mm
  - d. LOOnun
- +3. The depth of the neutral axis obtained as per 15:4\$6-2000 differs from fhc.deptTl of neutral axis obtained ill Q.12 by
  - a; ISmm
  - I), 10mm
  - c. 25mn!
  - d. 32mm
- A~ An unsii ffened web t-section is l'libitc3ICd from a t0111" thtck plate by lill~f weldins as shown in the tlgure. If yield stress of steel is 250MPa, rhc maximum shear load that section-can lakeis

## 200mm

- a. 7\$OkN
- h. 350 kN'
- e. J37.5 kN
- d ,00 kl'J
- A tillol-lvcjdcd joint of (imlli size is shQIVO Ill tile figure fbl., welded surfaces mee HL 60-90 degree and permissible stress In the

mlet weld is 108 MFa\_ The safe load thal ean be transmlued by tnejoim is

## 100mm

12..

f fL

- н. 162,7 kN
- II, 151,6k'N
- c. 113.4 "N
- d. 1095kN

46.

- Which one of the following is NOT correct for steel sections as per IS, SO()...19841
  - a. The maximum bending stress in rensien or In compression in extreme fibre calculated on the effective section of a beam shall bot exceed 0,66 l;...
  - b The bearing sires:! ill nuty pari of n beam when calculated on the net area shall not exceed 0.75,«.
  - Tile direct stress in compression on the gross sectional area: of axially loaded compression member shall not exceed 0,6 ~...
  - d. None of the above.
- 47 A cantilever beam of let1.;,-k width b'and depth d is loaded with a concentrated vertical load at the tip. If yieldIng starts at a lo-d l'. the collapse. load shill be
  - в. 2.0"
  - b. I∼P
  - C, 1.2 P
  - d. P
- 48. tn s constant bead permeameter with cross section area of 10cm'~, when the flow was lak'ing-place under a hydrllulic gradient of 0.5\_(he amount of water collected in 611 seconds is 600cc. The penu~bililY of the 5011 is
  - 11 0,002 canis
  - b. 0,02 COII;;
  - c. 0.2 cmls
  - d 2.0 em/s
- 49 Two observation wells penetrated into a confined aquifer and located 1,5k)il apart in lite direction of Dow, i\*dica.re head 0f 4~m and 20)11 If the coefficient of permeability of tho aquifec is 30m/day and porosity Is 0.25. the' limo of travel ofr.an inert tracer from onewelllo another is

- a, ~16 7 days
- b. 500 day-~
- c. 7,0 day9
- d, 3000 days
- 50, Assuming- that ... river bed level does not change and the depth of Ivater in river "las tOm, 15 m and 5' ru duciug the months of feb", ry, Juty and December respectively of a particular yout. The average bulk density of the, soil rs 2()DN/m~ The densi ty of water j- UJkN/ro~ The effective Stress or n depth of 10m below the river bed durins these months would be
  - a, 300 kN/ru' iu February, ~50 kNlm' Julv and ]201c,NlmliItDe~"rllbllr
  - b. 100 kN/nll in February. 100 kN/III-July and 100 kN/m' in December
  - c. 200 kJN/m' tn February. 250 kNlm; JulY.tJJld 180 kNlm<sup>2</sup> fn December
  - d, 300 ki'l/m<sup>1</sup> In February, 350 k'Nlm' July aM 280 kN/n? in December
  - For a triaxial shear test conducted on a. sand specimen at a confining pressure of 100 kN/m- under drained cQnditiOl.15. resulted ill a deviator sums (o1 - (l)) at, fa; lure ol:100kNlm~. The angle of shearing resistance of the ~ollwould be
    - 4 18.4.,"
    - b. 19.47"
    - c. 2656"
    - d. 10"

5L

- 52. A am higjJ retaining wall is supporting a saturated send [saturated ellle to capillarY action) of bulk. density 18 kN/m<sup>1</sup> and angle of \$I,eanJ1I! resislance.lo- TIle change ill magnitude of active earth pressure at the base due to rise in ground water table from the bose 0I the JootIng to the ground surface.shall (r. = i0 kN/m<sup>3</sup>)
  - a, increase by 20 kN/m'
  - b. decrease by 20 "N/"," c.

increase by 30 kNlm-

- d. decrease by 30 kNIIII?
- 53 For two infinite sIIIPC> (one in 0'1 condition and other in submerged condition) in a sand deposit having the angle of shearing resistance 30-, fa,Clor of safety was determined as 1.5 (for both slopes), The slope angles would have been s. 21.05" for dry slope and 21.05" for
  - submerged slope

### m m m m n een accinencity ai a

- b. 19Ar Ibr UI) St6pO and 18"'10' FOT submerged slope
- ... 18A IUI uu) ~IUI"" und 21.0S tUI sut""~r~ed I
- d, 22,6 Ihr dry slope and L9.41' INF sull.II"I'god slope

Il strip' thot"!@. (8ru wide) is designed for n tulli soutemll, l' of 40mlh. 111e Hafe bearing enracity (shear] was 150kNlm- and sn~e aUuwnble soil P<sup>rmSIII</sup>: IVA.' 10QkNlIIL Due li'l unportuuce ef the .1111<[ore, now 111167111111;1" 1- tie red-Signed for IoInl Sdlll-"tllelllilf25mOI. The new width UI U10 rooting will 110

- a. Son
- b. Sm
- e. 12m
- d. 12,8 m
- 55. Dilling, the subsurface (Dyest/SUII(IIIS) tor design 01' toundations; o slandard penetrution lost WIIS conducted III -1.5m below the ground snirtuce. The record of number "fblows i-givel1 below:

Ptutl,'Uilutl depth (cm) Number "r--tu....

(1 7.5	3
7.5 15	3
15-22.5	IS
22.5 30	6
3\1-315	11
37.5-45	7

ASSuming the water table u ground level, soll as tice sand lind correction lactor for overburden o~ 1.0, the entrected "N' vfilutor the scil would be

- b. 10
- c, 21
- d. 33
- A soil muss contains 4Q% Slllvel, 5\)% Sllnd and 11)% silt. This -oil can be clllssifie,d as
  - sillY sandy e.rovel having coetllcieut of uniforunty Jess ibU1100,
  - b. "ilty gravelly saud having coefficient .)I' unil; 'nnily "411011\\ H)
  - c. gravelly silty sand having C()cl1iilonl ofI1nilonnily greater thnn 60.
  - d. gravelly silty stlod and Its coefficient on uniformity CMHOI be determined,

57 Jt saturated soil mass has II lolal dens;", 22k?li/m~ and n WIll-re"ntu"t (rr 1c)%. The hulk density and dry den.it~ offhis soil nre a. 12 kN (m" & 20 kN.m) respectively

- b. 22 kNlpJ & 20 kN,m) respectively
- c. 19.8 kN/,"I a. 19.~ ltl'l/ml respectively
- d. 23.2kN/m~ & 19.&kN/m~ respectively
- -58. A.-tNn", function I given by:
  - "": 2., y+  $t_x+I$ ).,

The 11,)10mte neross a linc joining points-AC.I.0) and D(O. 2'18

- u. OAllnil-
- h. ,,I unhs
- c- 4 unas
- d. 5 units
- 59. The ci,...,!lllribn °1" around a circle of "udills 1 holts lor lh. velocity 'field u-2...,-Jy and v-2)' is
  - · 6Jr units
  - b. 12n units
  - c. -1811 uniu
  - ,1. -241<wlilS
- (c0. A 111n.kund 0 d-macron ur~ placed a= 11 triction.less [rLliley The lank i""II~s water Jet (mass density .0f wut9r 1()()Ol.glm», which strikes the d~11""thr and 111m. I~ ~5...U 1J,~ velocity of jet feaving the dellectnr № "ml~ Duddischarge I. Oj ".jis, the force recorded by the spring will be
  - a. tOON
  - b. 100 J2 "
  - c. 10() n
  - d. 200 J'IN
- Cross-section- of an object ('hnv'ng same 800lil)|II IIQmul 111 rhe ptif,>? submerged into u Iluid ocn-nstarro .'<luolUng ~idl)\$,2m :L1fd triangle us .shown In the JiS<sup>\*\*\*</sup> (1, III'jeol15' hinged 01 poi III I' that is or meter below tho fluid Jill" surface. If the Obj~L ill-

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7 oj: II

## w w w.icci accincic.yai a

- b. 4.[3
- c. 4m
- L SIn
- 62 CriliQal depUI al d ~""liO)l of a ~ltJIlleu1ltr channel i-1.5m. The specific energy of Ih"l aeericn is
  - n, 0.75111
  - b. 1.0m
  - e 1.5111
  - 4 Wm

113. A partially open sluice gal': discharges, wa cr into n rectangular "honn~11110 tail water depth in the chaMel i. 3m and /12 If ~ free hydraulio Froude number is

> JIIIITRs III be fumecl'ilt dewnsireem oJthe sluice gate alter the venn ermtract of the Jd conutig OUI "OIn U,e sluice- yaw, uie sluice gale ~penin!l sbould be (IXIellioit.'Ut of conti acboll Co = u.9),

- n. 1)301
- b. 0.401
- c. 0.6901
- d, 0.901

(\4. A lrinngular irrigntion lined C11nabarrie .. a

> <is<IJIMgc "f2S01Jj~ "I bcd slope 76000

tile side slopes of lfie canal aN 1 : 1 and Nfunning"s coefficient is 0.0]8. the cenlml depth of Oow irequal to

- . ~1)8m
- 1), 3.6201
- c. 4.91m
- d. 1.31m
- 65. Il'iomQto juice i having 11 pH of ~. I. [he hydrogen ion concentration "ill he
  - IL 10.94- 10" mollL
  - h. 9,94 Ill" mol11.
  - c. 8.94 x 10 'moliL
  - d. 7.94 I(1\*\* mo til.
- 1.lsl-1 conrains some j1fUpertic. of 66. Wal-T/Wasl" water and Li-I-n: "<mtAins lisl of some Icijls 00 wated w ... te water. Match I will I il I'l incel select th

mswer using III~ codes given below the lists: Lisl-l P. Su.'p(:nd"d SOlid. concentration Q. M<:t!lboli""llrbiode8rnda-lc organics</p> H. Bacterial concealration S. Coagulanl dese LIs[-II I. BOO

8 of III

- 1 MPN
- Jar test UJI lidity
- CI)dc~:

S
3
3
5 3 3 3

(]. .1 2 67 Msrch List-l wilh LiM-[J 8"d select the OOITO' answer u-inS the codes gi"" below the lists :

3

1..i~t-l'

- P. -PhiokenmJ!. "f slud&c by ahem;"..' oxidation
- Q. St~bil.iz.ti(IIIIIf sludg" 0. chemical tn: InKal
- IL c"udifionillg of aludge
- S. Redu"lion 0[5111d80 f)()'UIlion Of SI-,vily

List-n

- 1. Decrease, in volume of
- 2. Scpanilion of WiltiT by helit
- DigcMion or sludge
- 4. Sep.mtiop of water by

	P	Q	R	S	
۰.	4	3	1	2	
h.	.3	2	4		
C.		2	.2		
c. d.	2	1	3	4	

- A circa I+ primM')' clarili er processeS on 6~. avon.se flow or 50051111/d .'I' municipal waste lVater. Th., overflow rri~ i. 35m1tm1 (d.The- diameter of ol-ri(1cr sbnll be
  - IO.SIn Π.
  - 11.5m b.
  - 125m
  - II. 1,'.5,"

### mmmiller authority ar a

6<) Maldl List-I with Lrst-II and ,,IGOt the correct answer using the codes gillen below the lisL~:

Lisl-l

- I'. Release valve
- Q, Check valve
- it Gal¢ valve
- S. PilOtvdl"~
- Ltsl-JJ
- Reduce high inlet pressure to lower outlet pressure
- Luull the il"w uf water In ~{tl!llo direcuon
- 1. Remove air hom the pipeline
- Starring lh¢ 11tlIV of Willer ill the pipet inc.
- Codes :

	Ľ	Q		S
а,	J	2	~	1
a, b. c.	ן ן ן ן	Q 2 4 '1	1	S 1 3
c.	3	4	1 .2 4	1
11	1	*1	4	3

70 10 u certain simution waste water t1iS<lhQ-~eduto u river mixes willi Ule river wAler Justantuneously nnd completely. Fulluwing is the d1J1lhvailable:

> Waste water [.)0 - 2.()0 msll Discharge rule= 1.10  $oi^{1/s}$ River woter DO - 8.Jmgtl Ph)w ru~ ~.70m)/s

Temperarnre - '20"C

Intlli.! HUUHAL of DO in 111 mixture of waste and river shall be

- a. 5.3mgll
- b. (1.5111g/1
- c. 7.611lgil
- d. &.4111gd

Data for Q.71 & Q.72 ne'e ttil'en 1""10,... Soh. the probl.11LS and choosecorrect answers. 1\city is going t" insttll tho rapid sand lifter.llor the sedimentation tanks.

Use ille lollllying data,

Deliig11C1ndint'role 10the filter - 20()",1(m-d Design Iluw role - 0.5 m)/~ Surface area per liher box 50m-

71 Tho surface urea required for the rapid sand filler will be 0. 110n1<sup>2</sup>

- b. 115m~
- c. 11liml
- d. 218m<sup>2</sup>
- 72. The number of tilrers required shall be
  - :1.\_1
  - b. 4
  - y. li
  - d. 8
- 73. The outhumble commanded urea for edistri "UUI" is 2 ' 10<sup>3</sup> In<sup>1</sup> The 'itll'-llsi!v (If irrigation IOr U crup is 40 . If' J(ur \~"10r depth and kor period IIIr the crop rue L40m and " weeks, respectively, the Deak demand discharge.is
  - 3, 2.6:"nl s
  - b. '1.6'3m'/s
  - c. 8,5-m'ls
  - d. IUS mJ-s
- \*14. Uplift 1YCS-~lirdII points E and D (figure A) of n strnight hOri7,0n111 floor of IICUligi~l~ thickitess with a ~hel>1 IiiL: HI d()wnsl"QIII end ure ZM~ nud 20~". respectively If !!,e sheet plie rs al upslr.lam end of the tloor (fig II""- 11). the uplift' P.,",SII"" nl pdi nts 1)1 and C't ore

# a ir'-

- u. dR% "IIId 600;" t.!,~poctiv"I)'
- 1>. 80" "nd72~" respectivety

.....

- c. 8~, and "10% respectively
- d. I(10"~and zero respectively
- A luuuthing "prun is to he desigued al downstream LP" n weir rot discharse int<losh) of 65 III<sup>1</sup>/ym. For the design OI [aunching "pron" the scour deplb is taken two limes of Lace} scour depth, The sill factor of the bed mol.rial. IS unity. If the loll water depth is 4.4m, the leogth 0.1" launching apron ill ihe launched position is
  - u. J5-m
  - b. 'h7 m
  - c. 5m
  - d. 5.[5111

Data (0" Q:7G & Q.77 are given below, Sol".

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'I u( II

J) four hour unit hydrograph of j catchment the triangular in shape ""Ih base of SOhours. The , the, ofthe c.(dllnent , i-?2tlkm". 111a base Flow and ~ indClt are 30m-'i. Md I mml1~resl\_livel)'. A 6101111,)(,4 em oc:cun; uniformlY In 4hours over lhe .:'.:tchmtnL

- Phe peak discharge of four hour unil hytlJ'OgJ'Iplis
  - n, 4() roll"
  - b. 50 tn"s
  - C. 60 m-lls
  - d. 70 mJ/~
- The peek fiQC)dd;';uharjlc due W Ih~,Inrm i~
  - a, 210m) fs
  - h. 230m!15
  - c. 2(oOm 1/s
  - II. '720III''IS
- P.)I' ~ .25cm ~,ick cement eoncrete pavement, ~11~lysi, of stresses gives U,. followi\*!! values:

  - WhC⊲11 Imld strC\$\$ due 111 cld!!" 103din~ , 32:.g(cll!"
  - Wnr.ping stress al comer region dur.lng\_ supumer ~4\_"", .9kgJcm~
  - W.rping stress .1 corner region during winter 7kWQJJ1~
  - ",f.rplog stress .1 edge l-egion during, summer 8k.gfcru:
  - -W.rpin.S streSS .1 edge region duritIS winl"r 6k.g.enl
  - -Frictional stress' dUliltg summer

  - The O'O~1 ~ntiC'.l \$tre;;~ vatue rOt tbJ~ pOVomIJII1 is
  - n. 4Ukg/cm!
  - b. 42kglcm'
  - c, 411ks/cm'
  - d. 45k11/cm'
- I'he Yol111willgobservations were made o( lin ~~()-Illad survey '10 • I'1)nd:
  - ~tlp load' (~ Repctiti<)115 pc... dDy 3S43 8(10 75-85 ~O(1

Woll

TIle itandard axle-load jä 80kN. P.quivalenl daily numbers of repetitions fer II." standard axle-load ore

- D. 451)
- b. 4&1
- c. 800
- d. 1200
- SO. A trIUCiport company' operates schedubid dolly 11'110; service between city 1~and city Q. One-way Journey tltn~ between Ihesol two cities Iil 85. hours. A minimum layover tim" cd' 5 bo"n; is to be provided •.t each city, How mony trucks are required 10 provide III is."rvi~e~
  - η. +
  - b. 1)
  - e. 1
  - d. 8
- 8]. A single. IlUIeunidir""lionol blghway hilS. d •• ign speed of u;kmph. The perceptionbrake-reaction lime. of drivers is 2.5 seconds ~ud the IIVCDID lengLb of vehicles is sut. The coefficient of longitudinal fiction of (he paVern";" i. (III. "!he capacity of ntis 'road in terms IIF "Vehic.tes pc..hour p.:r lane' is
  - D. 1440
  - b. 750
  - C. 710
  - d. 6~)
- A 10:...1i~having " horizonlal curve of 41K'm mdiu. .....W~icb o 'Super...eJe"~tiQn Lf ().(17 is provid~d. The coefficient 0f lal~al.lli~tion mobilized on the curvewlten ",'chicle is travelling a; 100 kmph is
  - a. I),OJ
  - b. O.I~
  - c. ().IS
  - d. 11.4-
- S~. rlln~lder the: system (if equations' AV, ., "O"U = %,0" .where, ., IS ~, sealer, tel 0...1,) be an eigen-pair or an eigen value and its couespouding oig., in vector for real In.lrlx A. Let I be • (n nl ruul matrix, Which one of the following statement i~ 1'101' Conlact 7
  - For. homogeneous n n Ilystem of lineal' equations. (A-jj)x = ()havin,g
     noutrivial 5010(:011, Lborank of IA-"J) Isless than n.

а.

с,

b. 1

d. 5

- b. Fat malrix A"" m being o posinve integer, (1-1<sup>m</sup>•X t<sup>=1</sup>) will be the eigenp"ir I~r~U
- c. II AT A-1. then |A| = 1 lor all i.
- I> ff AT −A. then i.1 is (e.1 for all i.
- 84-. Tnmslorm.li"n to linear form h~ .11bStillting v~ yHt ultbccqu.liou

tty pill > q(t) y': n > 0

will be

- ~5. A fail engine accelerates Irom it. ~tatio"nr'y I>osllion tbr & seconds .ud tl'IIveh ~ distance of 280m. Ac.cordill.!! 10 d,e Mean Value TIIcONm. (he speedometer .1t a certain' lime during acceleration m'nsl read exactly
  - a, 0 kmlJL
  - b. 8 km
  - c. 7S.km!h
  - d. 126 kmlh The

86,

$$\begin{array}{l} \underset{<|-1|}{dl}, 12 \underset{dx}{dl'} 17)^{m}, 0' , \gamma _{e} 0' - u \underset{dx}{dX} (X) = 0 \\ \text{iu the model 0 } X \overset{m}{=} 1_{4} \text{ is } \underset{e}{\mathcal{M}} \overset{m}{=} 1' \text{ by} \\ \text{a, } e. \quad (c' 0 \sim 4..., \text{SID}, \text{l...}) \end{array}$$

(loitu1(I'.

b. .' ( cos4.\' ~.in ·1·x)

d. e ..... (cos~ ... ~ltin4:t')

I here, c is the square cut from the flurst (Jlladranl hy the linesx - 1 and y = 1 will be, (Use Green's theorem to change the line integrir! into double ii.tegr.1)  Consider 1ike1yapplicability (If Duchy'. Integrol Theorem 10evaluate the following iniegrol counterclockwise around the unit circle e. 1= 0i see :uz •

> z being • c.oupec.- variable, 111,0value of 1 will 00

- . [ 0.] singularities gel
- b.  $1 \ll 0$  ~[flsul4ril[e!! SOL =  $L_{1,2}^{*} 2_{1,-1} mn = 0.1, i \dots$ }....
- c. I ni2 : singularities s~t (:tllir;" =0.J.2 ....",.)
- d. none or.bove

n.t.ll for Q.119 & Q.90 Ute ginn ""I uw. S"IV~ Ib- Lrllbl.OIs 3n/fr.hihils- coneci answer,

Give" ..., G. we Wi,,, in calculare its reciprocal value ]1a by dS.ilig Newton Raphson Metl/Qd for t{~)={),

 The Newlun Ral'hsnn olgorid.m for the function will be

 Fur s = 7 and starting. wilh ∞ = ().2. the fir.t two iterations will be

- 3. 0~11\_0.J299
- b. Q.U 0.1.392
- c. 0.12, O.JA 16
- d. 0.13,0..1428

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of

11 al. h

## www.recrucinen.guru

6

11

GATE- 21)0:\

# CIVIL ENG NEERING

# ONE MARKS QUESTIONS

- The symmetry of stress tensor at a point in -iti body under equilibrium is obtained from
  - a. conservation of mass
  - b. force equilibrium equations
  - c. memeru eqeilibnum equations
  - d, conservation of energy

The components 61'strain teusor at n point in the plane strain ease Call be ebtained by measuring longitudinal main in following directions

- a along any two arbitrary directons
- b. alcog any three arbitrary directions
- e, along two mutuwJ), onhogonal directions
- d. along any arbitrary duecuon
- For a linear clasric frame. if stiffness matrix Is doubled with respect to the existing stIJIness matrix, lbe deflection of the resulung frame Will be
  - a, twice the existing value
  - b. half the existing value
  - c. the same as exisung, value
  - it Indeterminate value
- Considering 6C4F4 as axially rigid, the degree of Ircedem of a plane fraille s-own below is



- b II
- c. 7
- it 6
- 15,J343-1980 hmus the minimum chnracieristic strength of prestressed concrete for post rensioned work and pretension work is
  - a 25MPa; 30l/1Pa respectively
  - b. :!5MP4, 35MPa respectively
     a 20MPa 15MPa respectively

- d. 30M Pa, 4tll'vn'arespecl1vely
- The philic factor of safel) (or concrete as per IS:456-2000 is
  - a. 1.50
  - b\_ LIS
  - c. U.87
  - d. 11.44(,'
- The permussible stress in axial tension <za In steel, member on the net affective area of the -section shall no! exceed If. is the yield stress)
  - a. 0,80 f)
  - b (1,75 ľ,
  - c. 11:6u l',
  - d. u,50 I,
  - Rool time method Is used 10 determine
  - II. T. lime factor
  - b. c., coefficrem ol' consolidation
  - c. Ill. coefficienJ of comp~sibil il),
  - d, rn.. coefficient of volume compressibility
  - Negative s-to fridion in a SOil is considered when the pile is constructed through a
    - a, fill material
    - b dense coarse sand
    - c. over consolidated sll.lJ'clay
    - d. dense fine-sand
- 1(1. There are IWO looriogs Testing on the ground surlee, One rooting irquare 01' dimension '8' The other is strip rooting of Width '.8'. Both of them are subjected to n loading intensity ot' q. -rile pressure intensity al an)' depth below the base of Ole looting along thecentre line would be
  - a. equal in both foollligS
  - b. large for square fooling nod small (or slrip tooting .
  - large for strip l'ooting and small for square footing
  - more' for strip footing I1tshallow depth (SB 1 (Ind more for square fOOIIOg at large depth (>B)
- A cl~ytl)'~S'il has a maximum dry tlansily of 1(j'kNtm' and epti mum moisture content of 12~ A contractor during the

consumptions of core OI an abilit dam obtained, the day de"sey 152kNJJI1' &d. water coTit'enl il0/0. This roli§1:111CI.on is .;cc"fbl1,1e because

- a, fite d'en.ity is Jess noter the maximum dry density andwater.contenl.is not thy ~de."Foptimum
- b. the compacuon <i(.)lisity is very low and watercontent is.less than 12%
- c. the oompaction is done, on the dry side of the optimum
- it., both (he dry density-and ""ilt-r content of the Conlpacted s,oil are within the desirable limits
- 12 AI) (Pert tracer " IOjecll'd continuously from a pointin an unsteady flow field. Th" Iocus oflocations ef all fhe tracer particles. at an Instance of lime represents
  - a. Streamline
  - b, J11thllhe
  - c, Streamtnbe
  - d, Streakline
- J3 The riadul!J. of differentlal.manometor of a Venturimeter, placed at 'W' to ill'' horizontal .is-IIcm, 1f th-Venflirimeteris lurned to horizontal p(Isiu~ Hie .manometer reading will be
  - R. Zero
  - h \*Cill
  - c. 11 cm
  - J. 11.,fi em
  - III. A horizontal bed channel is followed by a steep bed channel as shown in. the figure. Tile 118dually-yaried profillis over the horizontal ani! steep beds are
    - ....
    - a, R~,and Snxcsj)<1¢tively
    - b. R2!mel S!,respectively
    - e- HJ and S. respectively
    - J. H-ann 5i respective.lY
  - 15. Total KjeldahJ II.ilr()geJlis n measure (If
    - a, total organic nitrogen
    - b. total organic and ammonia nitrogen
    - d. toll!]ammenianitregen
    - d. tobil inorganic and ammoniauitrogen

- :Zofl 1
- H), J Teu is equivalent to the OXIIO/Ir produced by
  - a. 1n/glio[-cllLoroplatinata ion
  - b. 1 ms/lof platinum iOIL
  - c. l.mgll platinum in. fonn of chloroplatinate ion
  - d. 1 mg/l pfou;ancr,o)llot<1f/lntjn;1t1ljon
- 11 W aerobic ent";rl'[1]1]len]j, nitrosumonas. 00IIV-
  - a. NH.3 to 'N~
  - b. NO-- to 1'1'03-
  - C. Jim .. 10 N~O
  - d. Nth' 10 HNOa
- Ifl. Bulking sludge refers 10 having
  - o. F/M" 0.3Jd
  - b. 0.31dc::.FfM.: 0.6/d
  - c. FfM-zero
  - d. P.fM.> (I.tifd
- WIletl the cutflow frQln a storage reservoir is uncontrolled ill ill n free\y operating spillway, 1M of outflow IrydiogJaph occurs at
  - a, the pOinl of intersection of the inflow and outflow .hydrographs
  - b. II POUt!; atree the intersection of the inflow and outflow .hydrographs
  - c, the, tail of inflew hydrographs
  - d, a P!lmt, before the intersection of Ille inflow and outflow JlYdfO"graphts

The intetlS'ty of rainfall and time Interval ofa,l:ypi."n1 storm are:

Tllli,; hllel'Val		
(mlhutes)	(UImlm.inule)	
0-19	0,7	
10,20	t.t	
20.30	2~	
3040	15	
~0.50	1.2	
:50-60	1.3	
607()	(1.!)	
70-S.D	0.4	

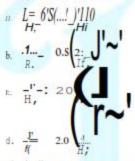
- TIle maximum intensity of rainfall for 20 minutes deration of the storm is
- a, .Unnn/minute
- II. 1.f;5 mml1J1Ull[j]
- c. J .~ ulltlfllijhul"
- d. 3.7 JTun/nlillute
- On which of file canal systems. R.O KCIIJle3y, executive-eagirieer in.the Pulljab Irrigation Department .made

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20.

ob~ervul1ons lor proposing l,i8 theory 00 stable channel~'1

- Krishna \Ve-t"" Della t.'nnls-
- b. LAwerBad [Juab ",ma,"
- c. Lower Chenab canals
- U. Upper B3.ri D<I-bcanals
- 22. Which orn) of the ruuowu'J! <:EluoliQ''' reprisent. Lb-downstream proru" 1) Ogee spillway wilb vertical upstream thee') (~) are me coordinates Of the point 1)n the downsfrearu profile ,.IJD origin .1 the crest. of the spillWAY and "Lt ",the: design head.</p>



- The l-gll1-of summit CUVe on illow lane two w.3Y highway depends upon .... allowable: rate of change of oentrifugal
  - .... allowable: rate of change of centrifugal .00el<':1'.1100
  - Il. ooaffiolcOl of IJot"".I-fr!ction
  - c. ruq,ill'ed stopping sigl'L dlsbneb
  - d. "quir.il overtaking ~igll1 distance
- 2-1-. Prachall MIIIIrj Gram Sadek Ynj," (PMGSY), launched in the yeor 200d, 3im-to pff)vidd rural connec'ivily with aUweaUler reads. It 15 PI"po-ed to cennecs II", hab't31.10nH in plain were of pepuletion more-than 500 persons by the YOM
  - a, 21)(15
  - h. 2007
  - c. 20 Itl
  - d. 2()12
- Llst-l conl.lo. some prn"cr1i~,of bitumen. List-Il. .giws u list of Laboratory Tests conducted on bitumen to determine the properliQli. M.I~h lhe property with the corresponding [!;oil and ~le<:I the cou answer using, the codes giv-D below the lis",
  - Li"l-J
  - P Resistance 10 I)<)w

LI\$t-ii

- 1. Ductility test
- 2, Penclralion te'll
- 3. FL5h nnd fin: poin. test

Code~ :

- p Q t~ 2 1 3 a. 2 3 b. I 2 :1 I. C. 3 2
- Bjillbtin"4Jj concrete IS a nih comprising of
  - a. fill" .g!,(regplc. filler and bitumen
  - b. filll" agg"gnte and bitumen
  - c. coarse aggregate, fine 3gg"8Dic. filler arid bitumen
  - d. ooarse'gg, egate.IiUer."nd biulIIIC11

Pa.31"Ole fil'llor Of fP(XTY")-' fTfr wil! b.

- 27. ('lln-ider the m"ll'i<"~ X".I. Y.I II .nd a. (2, 2)
  - II. (3 3)
  - c. (4- 3)
  - d. (3 4)
- ('onsider a nun-hoonogene()ll\$ system of linear equ31.ioru; ""htt."reuthjJ uu,b-'1D.tic.Uy au over-determined system, \$u<:11" sys!"" will be</li>
  - 3. c(In-isl"n1hn\-ng-+ unique solution
  - b. consistent ha\ilng many sotutions
  - c. ;no)(,,\\$il;t.,1 h.vin8 ., uniqueSOlllliQn
  - d. in-(m-illtCnIhuvlol! 11;".(llu,lon
- Which nne of the following is NOT' true rur complex.uumber Zj aud Z.,?
  - в: Z,=</,Z, ZJ |Z,Г
  - ь. 17.,- .t,I'S'IZd+IZ,1
  - L Z.- £;1" IZ.I-IZ, I
  - d. IZ. .. Z, 4-1z, -Z, =21z,11 +21z.
- Which 01\" 01' tl\(, f,llowing ~1.f<m1ents L~ Nt Jl' t~ue'l
  - a, 'file measure ,,l'sllewpess i ~dlUlei1dlml upon UIUalloultt of dJ~I)CC'lij~"
  - b. In. symmetric distribution, the values of mean, mode and median afO the same
  - c, I" · posilively skewed distribution,

Or Ability Todeman under herd Disclaimer: We are providing a piece of information. This is not an official one. This might be used for reference purpose.

d. ill IT negatively skewed distribution. mode > mcan> median

## TWO MARKS QUESTIONS

- 31 If principal stresses in a two-dimensional case are -10 MFa and 20 Mr.a respectively, then maximum shear sp'CSS81 the point 15
  - a IOMPn
  - b, 15MP~
  - c. 20 MFa.
  - d. 30 MPa

.....

a, 100 kN. 150 kN b. zero, 100 1011 c. "Zero. .50'kN d. 10</br>

33..

32 flte bending moment diagram for a beam is given below"

> Tile shear force at sections aai and bb' respectively lire of tl.tt magnitude

A circular shaft Shown in the figure is subjected to torsion Tal two points A and B. The torsional rigidity of portions CA and SD is GJ, and that of ponion AS is G}j. The r()18tionS'of shaft PI poirus  $\lambda$  and 'B are a, and a, The rotationa, is

Cf

CAB

LÍL

TI.

- Q. Moment distribution method
- R. MCtI00 of three momerus

S, Ca.~ligli~no'sseC()nd theorem

List-II

- 1 Force method
- 2. Displacement method

Codes'

35.

	Ρ	Q	li,	S
a.	1			2
a. b ~ d,	1		2	2 2. 1
~	2 2	2		1
d,	2		2	1

All member (If Ite frame shown below have the same flexural rigidity E1 and length L. If 11 moment /Vi is applied ration B, the rotation of the joint is

a.	1:11:
a.	12E/
Þ.	Ml.
P.	IIEI
	/vfL
C.	SIY'
4	ML
d.	7F.!

Dar» rOF Q. 36 & Q.37 are given below. Solve, the problems and cheese the correct answers.

A truss is shown this the figure. Members are of equal cross section A and same modulus of elasticity E, fivertical force P'is applied ar point C.

D

LL

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# .1uf 11